

# MAIN COURSE BOOK

## Lesson 1----- THE HAPPY PRINCE (15-20 words)

1. Where did the statue of the Happy Prince stand?

Ans:- It stood on a tall column above the city.

2. How was the statue decorated?

Ans:- The statue was decorated with gold, rubies and sapphires.

3. Where was the swallow going?

Ans:- The swallow was going to Egypt to meet his friends.

4. Why did the swallow put up between the feet of the Happy Prince?

Ans:- It was a fine place with plenty of fresh air. So he put up there.

5. Where were the drops coming from?

Ans:- The drops were coming from the eyes of the Happy Prince.

6. Why was the swallow crying?

Ans:- The swallow was crying to see the sorrow and misery of the city people.

7. Why did the swallow feel warm?

Ans:- The swallow had done a good deed. So he felt warm.

8. Why was the match girl crying?

Ans:- The match girl was crying because her matches had fallen into the gutter.

9. Why was the statue of the Happy Prince pulled down?

Ans:- The statue looked dull without gold and rubies. So it was pulled down.

10. What were the two most precious things in the city?

Ans:- The dead swallow and the broken lead heart of the Happy Prince.

### (Long answer type questions)

1. Why was the prince called The Happy Prince?

Ans:- The prince lived in a palace. He tasted no sorrow. He lived and died happily. So he was called The Happy Prince.

2. Why did the mayor dislike the statue so much?

Ans:- The statue had lost its gold, ruby and sapphires. It looked dull and grey. So the mayor disliked the statue so much.

3. Write a short note on the sufferings of the poor people in the city.

Ans :- The poor people lived a hard life. The little boy was ill, he was crying for oranges. The writer was feeling cold. The matches of the match girl had fallen into the gutter.

## **Lesson----- 2 WHERE IS SCIENCE TAKING US**

**(15-20 Words)**

1. What are machines doing for humans?

Ans:- Machines are giving man power and helping him in all fields.

2. Which is the greatest triumph of science?

Ans:- Science has produced more and more food and medicines to live longer.

3. What are the consequences of war?

Ans:- War brings death. People starve without food.

4. What has happened to the ethics and morals in the modern world?

Ans:- All are running after money. No one cares for ethics and morals.

**(Long answer type questions)**

1. What should be the ultimate aim of science? Or

List the material triumphs of science and the non-material necessities to make the world a better place.

Ans:- Science has produced more and more food and medicines to live longer. But moral values are really needed in the world today. It should be its ultimate goal.

## **Lesson -----3 SECRET OF HAPPINESS**

**(15-20 Words)**

1. Which is the greatest day in any individual's life?

Ans:- It is the day when he begins to realize himself for the first time.

2. What is there in the personality of every man?

Ans:- There is a great store of unused powers.

3. How can weak personalities become strong?

Ans:- Weak personalities can become strong by using the store of their unused powers.

4. What are the different types of fears experienced by people?

Ans:- Financial fears, fears of ill health and fears about the future .

5. How can one have a real escape from fear.

Ans :- We must have faith in God. He is always with us and cares for us. It will give us peace of mind.

**(Long answer type questions)**

1. What was the priceless secret discovered by Mr. Kagawa? Or

Write, in brief, the message given by Mr. Kagawa.

Ans:- We must have faith in God. He is always with us and cares for us. It will give us peace of mind.

## **Lesson -----4 A GIFT FOR CHRISTMAS**

**(15-20 Words)**

1. Why was Della crying?

Ans:- Della had no money to buy a Christmas present for Jim. So she was crying.

2. Describe the poverty of the house.

Ans:- Signs of poverty were everywhere. They had only a little dirty couch.

3. What were the two prized possessions of Jim and Della?

Ans:- Jim had a golden watch. Della had beautiful brown long hair.

4. Describe the present Della bought for Jim.

Ans:- Della bought a platinum watch chain. It was simple but well made.

5. How did Della manage to buy the gift?

Ans:- Della sold her beautiful brown long hair to buy the gift.

6. What was in the package that Jim had bought for Della?

Ans:- There was a beautiful set of combs.

7. How had Jim managed to buy the gift for Della?

Ans:- Jim had sold his golden watch to buy the gift for Della.

**(Long answer type questions)**

1. Describe in your own words the incident of Della's selling her hair.

Ans:- Della wanted to buy a Christmas present for Jim. She sold her hair for \$20. She bought a platinum chain for Jim.

2. Why was Della pleased with her selection of gift for Jim?

Ans:- Jim had a golden watch. Della bought a platinum watch chain for Jim. It was simple but well made. So she was pleased with her selection of gift for Jim.

3. Both Jim and Della gave each other the gifts of rare love. How? Explain.

Ans:- Jim had a golden watch. Della had beautiful brown long hair. Della sold her hair to buy the gift for Jim. Jim sold his watch to buy the gift for Della. It showed their rare love.

**Lesson ----5 SOME GLIMPSES OF ANCIENT INDIAN THOUGHT AND PRACTICES**

**(15-20WORDS)**

1. What caused desperation to gods?

Ans:- The demons were winning the fight. This caused desperation to gods.

2. Who did the gods go in desperation?

Ans:- The gods went to Lord Vishnu.

3. What did Lord Vishnu advise them?

Ans:- Lord Vishnu advised them to get a mighty sword prepared from the bones of some great sage.

4. .What was the sacrifice of saint Dadhichi?

Ans:- Saint Dadhichi sacrificed his life to give the gods a mighty sword prepared from his bones.

5. Why did some scholars laugh at Ashtavakra?

Ans:- Some scholars laughed at Ashtavakra because he had a deformed body.

6. What was the status of women in ancient India?

Ans:- Women enjoyed a very high status. Their participation was needed in every function.

### **(Long answer type questions)**

1. How does the author support the idea of the victory of the good over the evil?

Ans:- The author gave two examples. Saint Dadhichi sacrificed his life to give the gods a mighty sword. Guru Gobind Singh's sons sacrificed their lives for truth.

2. What does the practice of 'Langar' stand for?

Ans:- Langar is a symbol of love and brotherhood. It tells that we should share our meals with others. It shows that all the people are equal.

## **Lesson-6 (THE HOME COMING)**

### **(15-20 WORDS)**

1. Who was Phatik ?

Ans:- Phatik was a 14 year old boy. He was the ring leader among the boys of his village.

2. What was the new mischief Phatik thought of?

Ans:- Phatik and his friends wanted to roll the log away and annoy the owner.

3. Why were Phatik and his friends annoyed with Makhan ?

Ans:- Makhan came and sat on the log. So they were annoyed.

4. What were Phatik's last words?

Ans:- Phatik's last words were, "Mother, the holidays have come".

### **(Long answer type questions)**

1. How does Phatik feel when he is at Kolkata?

Ans:- He feels like a fish out of water. He is very unhappy. His aunt dislikes him. His cousins mock at him. His teachers cane him daily. He feels very sad.

2. Who is responsible for Phatik's death?

Ans:- His aunt is responsible for Phatik's death. She dislikes him. She ill treats him. Phatik falls very ill. But she scolds him that time also.

3. Give a pen portrait of Phatik.

Ans:- Phatik is a 14 year old boy. He is the ring-leader of the village boys. He has a fertile mind. His uncle takes him to Kolkata. But he feels like a fish out of water. His aunt scolds him daily. His cousins mock at him. His teachers cane him. He falls very ill and dies in the end.

## **Lesson-7 (THE MAKING OF THE EARTH)**

### **(15-20 WORDS)**

1. What are planets?

Ans:- Planets are the heavenly bodies which move round the sun. E.g. the earth.

2. Define solar system?

Ans:- Solar system means the family of the sun. It has the sun, its planets and their satellites in it.

3. How can you distinguish between planets and stars?

Ans:- Stars twinkle while planets don't. Stars are bigger than planets.

4. How was the earth formed?

Ans:- The earth was a part of the sun. It was very hot. Then it shot away from the sun. It cooled down slowly. Thus the earth was formed.

### **(Long answer type questions)**

1. Write a short note on the making of the earth.

Ans:- The earth was a part of the sun. It was very hot. Then it shot away from the sun. It cooled down slowly. Thus the earth was formed.

2. Write a few words on the happy family of the sun?

Ans:- Solar system means the family of the sun. It has the sun, its planets and their satellites in it. Solar means family of the sun. Sun is the father of all the planets.

## **Lesson-8 (THE RULE OF THE ROAD)**

### **(15-20 WORDS)**

1. Why was the stout lady walking down the middle of the road?

Ans:- Because she thought that she had the liberty to walk wherever she liked.

2. What was the writer reading during the journey?

Ans:- The writer was reading a blue book during the journey.

3. What was the intruding passenger talking of?

Ans:- He was talking of any and every subject with no purpose.

4. What is the basis of social contract?

Ans:- A sensible thinking for the rights of others is the basis of social contract.

### **(Long answer type questions)**

1. Write the theme of the essay 'The Rule of The Road'. Or

Liberty is not a personal affair, but a social contract. Explain.

Ans:- Liberty is not a personal affair. It is a social contract. It is good to have personal liberty. But we should also think about others.

2. Describe in your own words how the writer was disturbed during his train journey.

Ans:- The writer was reading a blue book in the train. Two passengers came into the train. They started talking loudly. The writer was disturbed.

## POEMS

### POEM 1 CHARACTER OF A HAPPY MAN (SIR HENRY WOTTON)

1. Write a note on the central idea of the poem.

Or

Write a summary of the poem in your own words.

Or

How does a man become really happy?

Ans:- A truly happy person leads an artificial life. He is jealous of none. He is content with whatever he has. He is not a slave of his passions. He prays to God daily and follows the path of goodness.

#### Extract 1

How happy is he born or taught  
That serveth not another's will;  
Whose armour is his honest thought,  
And simple truth his utmost skill.

1. Name the poem and the poet.

Ans:- Poem:- Character of A Happy Man

Poet:- Sir Henry Wotton

2. What is the armour of a happy man?

Ans:- Honest thought is the armour of a happy man.

3. What is his utmost skill?

Ans:- Simple truth is his utmost skill.

#### Extract 2

Whose passions not his masters are;  
Whose soul is still prepared for death;  
Untied unto the world with care  
Of public fame or private breath.

1. What is a happy man not afraid of?

Ans:- A happy man is not afraid of death.

2. What is a happy man not slave of?

Ans:- A happy man is not slave of his passions.

#### Extract 3

Who envies none whom chance doth raise  
Nor vice; who never understood  
How deepest wounds are given with praise;  
Nor rules of state, but rules of good.

1. Who does a happy man envy?

Ans:- A happy man envies nobody.

2. What does a happy man not understand?

Ans:- A happy person does not understand how deepest wounds are given with praise.

3. What does a truly happy person rule over?

Ans:- He rules over goodness of his heart.

#### Extract 4

Who God doth and early pray  
More of his grace than gifts to lend;  
And entertains the harmless day  
With a religious friend.

1. What does a happy person pray for?

Ans:- A happy person prays for God's grace.

2. What do you understand by the term harmless day?

Ans:- It means the harmless activities of the day.

3. How does a happy man spend his day?

Ans:- In the company of some noble friend.

#### Extract 5

This man is free from servile bonds  
Of hope to rise and fear to fall;  
Lord of himself, though not of lands;  
And having nothing, yet hath all.

1. What does the poet mean by 'this man'?

Ans:- 'This man' means the man who wants to be happy.

2. What do 'servile bonds' refer to?

Ans:- 'Servile bonds' refer to hope to rise and fear to fall.

3. Explain the last line of the stanza.

Ans:- A happy man may not have material things. But he has satisfaction.

## Poem 2 DEATH THE LEVELLER (JAMES SHIRLEY)

1. What is the theme or central idea of the poem?

or

Write the summary of the poem in your own words.

Ans:- The poem tells us that death treats all at par. It spares none. All have to bow before the power of death sooner or later. Only the good deeds of a person are remembered after death.

#### Extract 1

The glories of our blood and state  
Are shadows not substantial things;  
There is no armour against fate;  
Death lays his icy hands on kings.

1. Name the poem and the poet.

Ans:- Poem = Death the leveler

Poet = James Shirley

2. What are not substantial things?

Ans:- The glories of our blood and state are not substantial things.

3. Explain the last line.

Ans:- Death spares none, even they are kings also.

### Extract 2

Scepter and crown  
Must tumble down,  
And in the dust be equal made  
With the poor crooked schtye and spade.

1. What are scepter and crown symbol of?

Ans:- They are the symbols of kings and rulers.

2. What happens to the scepter and the crown?

Ans:- They mix with the dust in the end.

3. Who are made equal and with whom?

Ans:- Kings are made equal with the poor.

### Extract 3

Some men with swords may reap the field,  
And plant fresh laurels where they kill;  
But their strongs nerves at last must yield;  
They tame but one another still.

1. What do some men do with swords?

Ans:- Some men win battles with swords.

2. What do they fail to do?

Ans:- They fail to win over death.

3. Explain the last line.

Ans:- Some men can kill others, but they can't kill death.

### Extract 4

Early or late  
They stoop to fate,  
And must give up their murmuring breath  
When they pale captives creep to death.

1. Who stoop to death?

Ans:- All men stoop to death.

2. Which two words show that men don't want to die?

Ans:- Murmuring Breath.



3. What is meant by 'pale captives'?

Ans:- The person who are going to die.

#### Extract 5

Your heads must come  
To the cold tomb:  
Only the actions of the just  
Smell sweet and blossom in the dust.

1. What is that which must happen?

Ans:- Every one has to die in the end.

2. What is 'cold tomb' a symbol of?

Ans:- 'Cold tomb' is a symbol of death.

3. What idea does the poet want to convey?

Ans:- Only the good deeds of a person are remembered after death.

### **Poem-3 A BALLAD OF SIR PERTAB SINGH (SIR HENRY NEWBOLT)**

1. What is the central idea of the poem?

Ans:- The poem brings out the folly of the Hindu caste system. All men are equal in the eyes of God. No one is high or low by caste. Humanity is the only true caste. A caste that divides men from men can't be called a true caste.

2. Write a summary of the poem in your own words.

Ans:- Pertab Singh was the king of Jodhpore. He had an English friend. Now he had died. But no one came forward to carry his bier. Pertab Singh himself came forward to carry the bier. He proved that humanity is the only true caste.

#### EXTRACT 1

In the first year of him that first  
Was emperor and king;  
A rider came to the Rose-red House,  
The house of Pertab Singh.

1. Name the poem and the poet.

Ans:- Poem → A Ballad of Sir Pertab Singh  
Poet → Sir Henry Newbolt

2. Who came to Pertab Singh's house?

Ans:- An English soldier came to Pertab Singh's house.

3. What was the house called?

Ans:- The house was called the Rose-red house.

4. How long had Pertab Singh been the king?

Ans:- He was in the first year of his rule.

### EXTRACT 2

Beneath the morning stars they rode,  
Beneath the evening sun,  
And their blood sang to them as they rode  
That all good wars are one.

1. Who were the riders?

Ans:- Pertab Singh and an English soldier.

2. How did he feel while riding together?

Ans:- He felt very brave and happy.

3. How did they feel about wars?

Ans:- They felt that all good wars are one.

### EXTRACT 3

Three were there of his race and creed,  
Three only and no more:  
They could not find to bear the dead  
A fourth in all Jodhpore.

1. Whose race and creed has been referred to in these lines?

Ans:- The race and creed of the English soldier.

2. Who did they want to find and why?

Ans:- The fourth one to carry the bier.

3. Who was it that had died?

Ans:- It was the English soldier that had died.

### EXTRACT 4

‘What need, what need? said Pertab Singh,  
And bowed his princely head.  
‘I have no caste, for I myself  
Am bearing forth the dead.

1. What need does Pertab Singh refer to?

Ans:- It was the need of a fourth man to carry the bier.

2. Who came forward to carry the bier?

Ans:- Pertab Singh himself came forward to carry the bier.

3. Whose bier was it?

Ans:- It was the bier of the English soldier.

### EXTRACT 5

‘God only knows,’ said Pertab Singh,  
‘That which I lose to-day:  
And without me no hand of man,  
Shall bear my friend away.’

1. Name the poem and the poet.

Ans:- Poem→ A Ballad of Sir Pertab Singh

Poet→ Sir Henry Newbolt

2. How did they feel over this loss?

Ans:- They felt very sad over this loss.

3. What did he decide to do?

Ans:- He decided to carry the bier himself.

## Poem 4 RAZIA THE TIGRESS (KEKI N DARUWALLA)

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1. What is the theme or central idea of the poem?

Ans:- The poem brings out the dangers to our wildlife and natural resources. Man has been cutting the trees for his selfishness. The poor wild animals have nowhere to live. They live in the danger of poachers.

2. Write the summary of the poem 'Razia The Tigress'.

Ans:- Razia is a young tigress. Sheru is a male tiger. They have two little cubs. But now Sheru has left them. She cannot go hunting. She fears that poachers or Hyenas can come and kill her cubs.

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### EXTRACT 1

The tigress Razia lives alone.  
Her two little cubs haven't been yet named.  
Sheru barely played with them  
And now he's gone, O what a shame.

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1. Name the poem and the poet

Ans:- Poem→ Razia, The Tigress.

Poet→ Keki N Daruwalla

2. Who was Razia?

Ans:- Razia was a young tigress.

3. Who was Sheru?

Ans:- Sheru was a male tiger.

4. What had Sheru done?

Ans:- Sheru had left Razia after the birth of two cubs.

5. How many cubs do they have?

Ans:- They have two cubs.

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### EXTRACT 2

Sheru was an expert on winds,  
Knew how they traversed dale and hill,  
And where they put up for the night  
When no leaf stirred and all was still.

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1. Who was Sheru?

Ans:- Sheru was a male tiger.

2. What special knowledge did he have?

Ans:- He was an expert on winds and their directions.

3. What does the word 'they' here refer to?

Ans:- The word 'they' here refers to the winds

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**Poem---5 WHERE THE MIND IS WITHOUT FEAR  
(RABINDREANATH TAGORE)**

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1. What is the central idea of the poem?

Or

What is the summary of the poem?

Or

What does the poet desire for his country?

Ans:- The poet prays to God to turn his country into a heaven of freedom. He prays that his countrymen should give up all evils. They should not be narrow-minded. Only then they can get the real freedom.

EXTRACT 1

Where the mind is without fear and the head is held high;  
Where knowledge is free;  
Where the world has not broken up into fragments  
By narrow domestic walls.

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1. Name the poem and the poet?

Ans:- Poem→ Where The Mind is Without Fear

Poet→ Rabindranath Tagore

2. Why does the poet want knowledge to be free?

Ans:- To make the country truly free.

3. What does the poet mean by 'narrow domestic walls'?

Ans:- The walls of narrow-mindedness.

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EXTRACT 2

Where words come out from the depth of truth;  
Where tireless striving stretches its arm towards perfection;  
Where the clear stream of reason  
Has not lost its way into the dreary desert sand of dead habits.

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1. What words does the poet want to come out from the depth of truth?

Ans:- Whatever the people speak should be based on truth.

2. What does the poet want his people to strive for?

Ans:- He wants his people to strive for perfection.

3. How could the country become a symbol of perfection?

Ans:- If its people work tirelessly.

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## Lesson-1 BED NO 29 (20-30 words)

1. How did the author lose his eyesight?

Ans:- He lost his eyesight in an accident.

2. What did the author do before he lost his eyesight?

Ans:- He used to paint pictures before he lost his eyesight.

3. Who did the author meet in the hospital ward? Why was he there?

Ans:- The author met Naeem in the hospital ward. He was also there for the operation of his eyes.

4. Where was Naeem when the author regained his eyesight?

Ans:- Naeem had left the hospital when the author regained his eyesight.

5. Why could Naeem not get his treatment done?

Ans:- Naeem had no money left for his third operation. So he could not get his treatment done.

## Lesson 2 HALF A RUPEE WORTH (20-30 words)

1. How did Subbiah manage to get rice during the drought?

Ans:- During the drought, Subbiah would go from village to village to collect rice. In this way he managed to get the rice.

2. Besides selling rice, what else did Subbiah do to earn money?

Ans:- Besides selling rice, Subbiah lent money at a very high rate of interest and earned a lot of money.

3. How much rice did Subbiah agree to sell the man and how much?

Ans:- Subbiah agreed to sell the man half a seer of rice for half a rupee.

4. Where did Subbiah go to get the rice?

Ans:- Subbiah went to his secret godown to get the rice. This godown was situated in a back street.

5. How did Subbiah die?

Ans:- While taking out rice, bags of rice fell over Subbiah. As a result of this he died.

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## Lesson-3 ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS (20-30 words)

1. Why was Bobby Gillion not happy with the money given to him?

Ans:- Bobby Gillion got only \$1000 of his uncle's property. So he was not happy.

2. What was the condition laid down by the lawyer?

Ans:- The lawyer asked Bobby to spend \$ 1000 and show him how he had spent. Only then he could see the full contents of the will.

3. Who else got the money and how much?

Ans:- The butler, the housekeeper and Miss Hayden got \$10 each.

4. What did Gillion write in his note?

Ans:- Gillion wrote that he had given \$1000 to the dearest and the best woman on the earth to get eternal peace.

5. Why did Gillion go to the lawyer again?

Ans:- Gillion went to the lawyer again to give him an account of how he had spent \$1000.

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## **Lesson-4 THE DYING DETECTIVE**

### **(20-30 words)**

1. Who was Mrs. Hudson? Why did she go to Watson's house?

Ans:- Mrs. Hudson was Sherlock Holmes' landlady. She went to Watson's house to call him to save his ill friend.

2. What was Holmes' condition when Watson saw him?

Ans:- Holmes' eyes had the brightness of fever. There was a red flush on his cheeks.

3. Why did Watson not come back with Smith?

Ans:- Holmes had asked him to do so. He said that he had to go somewhere else.

4. Who was Victor Smith? What happened to him and how?

Ans:- Victor Smith was Culverton Smith's nephew. He had been murdered by his uncle by the use of a poisonous spring.

## **Lesson ----5 HOW MUCH LAND DOES A MAN NEED**

### **(20-30 words)**

1. What did the two women discuss? Were they related to each other?

Ans:- The two women discussed about the town life and the village life. They were sisters.

2. When the devil heard Pakhom's musing, what did he decide?

Ans:- When the devil heard Pakhom's musing, he decided to give him enough land and get him into his power.

3. Who were the Bashkirs? How did Pakhom make friends with them?

Ans:- The Bashkirs were very simple people. They lived in tents. Pakhom made friends with them by giving them a lot of gifts.

4. What is the moral of the story?

Ans:- Man's needs on the earth are very few. Yet he keeps running after them. He is never satisfied till his end.

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## **Lesson-6 RETURN TO AIR**

### **(20-30 words)**

1. Why was the boy called 'Sausage'?

Ans:- The boy was quite fat and plump. So he was called 'Sausage'.

2. Why did the boy not like diving?

Ans:- The boy had weak eyesight. He could not see inside the water properly without glasses. So he did not like diving.

3. What happened to Sausage when he tried duck-diving the first time?

Ans:- When Sausage tried duck-diving the first time, he brought out an old tin box instead of the brick.

4. Where did sausage reach while swimming?

Ans:- While swimming sausage reached the other end of the pond.

5. What did Sausage do with the tin-box?

Ans:- Sausage placed it on the mantelpiece at his home. He put his coin collection in it.

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## LETTERS

- 1. You are Rohit Verma, living at 27-Gandhi Nagar, Panipat. Write a letter to your younger brother, who is a book worm, persuading him to take part in games.**

27-Gandhi Nagar  
Panipat

12 April, 2013

Dear Mohit

I am fine here and pray to god for your good health. I am sad to know that you have become a bookworm. You never play any game. Your health is very poor.

Mohit, it is not good for you. Health is wealth. A sound mind lives in a sound body. You must play some outdoor games.

Yours lovingly  
Rohit

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- 2. You are Rajiv, living at Queens Hostel, International School, New Delhi. Write a letter to your father requesting him to permit you to join an educational tour to South India conducted by your school.**

Queens Hostel  
International School  
New Delhi

15 April, 2013

Dear father

I am fine here and pray to god for your good health. You will be glad to know that our school is conducting an educational tour to South India. Four teachers are also going with us. We shall visit Bangluru and Chennai. It will be a 7-day tour. We shall also visit Taj Mahal at Agra.

It is a golden chance for me. Kindly permit me to join the tour and send Rs. 2000.

Regards to dear mother and love to Sonu.

Yours lovingly  
Rajiv

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- 3. Write a letter to your cousin Pulkit inviting him to spend his winter break with you. You are Rohan and you live at 24 Mall Road Shimla.**

24 Mall Road  
Shimla



10 December 2013

Dear Pulkit

I am fine here and pray to god for your good health. I know your holidays are starting from 25 December. So I invite you to come to Shimla in your winter break. We shall enjoy together.

Shimla is a beautiful hill station. We shall spend our evenings at the Mall Road. We shall enjoy horse riding and snow fall. Many people come here to see it.

I hope you will come. Regards to dear uncle and aunt.

Yours lovingly

Rohan

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**4. Write a letter to your sister Muskan, giving her the details of a free medical camp that your grandmother organized recently. You are Anoushka and you live at 1441-Nai Abadi, Khanna.**

1441 Nai Abadi  
Khanna

15 July 20 \_\_ \_\_

Dear Muskan

I am fine here and pray to God for your good health. Last Sunday our arranged a free medical camp for the poor patients in Guru Nanak Hospital.

The camp started at 9 am. Eleven doctors gave their services. About 500 patients were examined. 200 patients had Lab tests. Reports were also given on the spot. Free medicines were given to all the patients. 50 people gave their free services in it.

It was a successful medical camp. It ended at 7 pm. I missed you there.

Yours lovingly

Anoushka

**5. You are Monu and you live at 51 Central Town, Nangal. Write a letter to your father, who is away on a long tour, giving him home news.**

51 Central Town  
Nangal

15 April, 2013

Dear father

We are fine here and pray to god for your good health. Many things have happened since I wrote you. Mani fell down the stairs. He broke his leg. But now he is fit.

Mohan's result was out yesterday. He got 90% marks. We are very happy. Kartar uncle visited us yesterday. We miss you a lot.

Please come back soon.

Yours lovingly  
Monu

---

**6. You are Tanbir, living at G-312, Adarsh Colony, Moga. Write a letter of condolence to your Amrit on the death of his mother.**

G-312, Adarsh Colony  
Moga

15 April, 2013

Dear Amrit

I was shocked to hear about the death of your dear mother. It is a great loss to you and your family. I share your grief.

When I met her last week, she was healthy. Her death is untimely. It is the will of God.

Please have courage. In grief.

Yours  
Tanbir

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**7. Write a letter to your uncle thanking him for the lovely birthday gift he has sent you on your birthday. You are Bhushan living at 37, Civil Lines, Ludhiana.**

37 Civil Lines  
Ludhiana

15 April, 2013

Dear uncle

I am fine here and pray to god for your good health. Thank you very much for sending me my birthday gift. It is a beautiful wrist watch. All of my friends liked it.

I was often late for school. But now I shall be punctual. I can do my work by making a time table.

Thank you once again. Regards to dear aunt and love to Sonu.

Yours lovingly  
Bhushan

---

**8. You are Jeevan. You live with your parents at Prem Nagar, Ambala. Write a letter to your younger brother Manav scolding him for neglecting his studies.**

Prem Nagar  
Ambala

15 April, 2013

Dear Manav

I am fine here and pray to god for your good health. I got your result card yesterday. You are fail in all subjects. It is very shameful.

Manav, you should mend your ways. You should work very hard. Engage a tutor. Avoid bad company. Make friends with good boys. Stop seeing movies.

I hope you will act upon my advice.

Yours lovingly  
jeevan

---

**9. You are Jasbir and you live at New Janta Nagar, Sahnewal. Write a letter to your friend Jyoti congratulating her on her grand success in the matriculation examination.**

New Janta Nagar  
Sahnewal

15 June, 2013

Dear Jyoti

I am fine here and pray to god for your good health. I am glad to know that you have stood first in your matriculation examination. You have got 90% marks. It is a happy day for you and your parents. I congratulate you on your success. My parents are also very happy.

Best of luck for your future. Now be ready for a party.

Regards to dear uncle and aunt and love to Sonu.

Yours lovingly  
Jasbir.

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**10. Write a letter to a bookseller complaining against the wrong supply of a book. You are Jatinder Singh living at 21, Model Town, Nakodar.**

21, Model Town  
Nakodar

15 April, 2013

M/S India Book Depot  
Mai Heera Gate

Nakodar

Sub:- Wrong supply of a book.

R/S

I wish to tell you that I had given you an order for 'MBD English XII'. But when I got the parcel and opened it, I found the 'MBD English XI'.

I am sending you the book back. Replace that book at your cost.

Yours sincerely  
Jatinder Singh

---

**11. Imagine you are Rahul of Laxmi Bai Depot and you live Gandhi Nagar, Muktsar. Your house number is 765. You want to buy some books. Write a letter to the manager, Lyall Book Depot, Ludhiana, ordering some sports goods.**

765 Gandhi Nagar  
Muktsar

15 April, 2013

The Manager  
Lyall Book Depot  
Ludhiana

Sub:- Order for books

R/S

Kindly send the following books per VPP at your earliest.

1.	MBD English	X	20 copies
2.	MBD Science	X	20 copies
3.	MBD SST	X	20 copies
4.	MBD Hindi	X	20 copies

Books should be checked and properly packed. I am sending you a cheque of Rs. 2000 in advance.

Yours sincerely  
Rahul  
(Laxmi Bai Depot)

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**12. are Raman. You live in Gali Ram Nath, Malerkotla. Write a complaint to the health officer of your town about the insanitary condition of your street.**

Gali Ram Nath  
Malerkotla

6 March, 201\_

The Health Officer  
Malerkotla

Sub:- Insanitary condition of our street

Respected sir

The condition of Gali Ram Nath is very bad. It seems that we are living in a hell. Dirty water is seen in the pits. There are no dustbins kept here. It has become a breeding place for mosquitoes. Dirty smell comes from everywhere. No sweeper cleans our street. Malaria and dengue may soon break out.

You are requested to visit our street and give some relief to the people of our street.

Yours faithfully  
Raman Kumar

---

***13. You are Komal Verma. You live in 53-Central Town, Jalandhar. The postman of your street is rude and irregular. Write a letter to the postmaster complaining against the conduct of the postman.***

53- Central Town  
Jalandhar

7 March 201\_

The Postmaster  
General Post Office  
Jalandhar

Sub:- Complain against postman

Respected sir

The postman of our area is rude and irregular. He comes to our area once a week. He delivers the letters to the children playing in the street. Sometimes he delivers the daak to the wrong persons. We have warned him many times, but he gives no ear to what we say.

You are requested to look into the matter and tell him strictly to do his duty properly.

Yours faithfully  
Komal Verma

**14. Write a letter to the Editor of a newspaper on the evil of street begging.**

H-222 Sarogini Nagar  
Jalandhar

28 May 201\_

The Editor  
The Tribune  
Chandigarh

Sub:- Evil of street begging

Respected sir

I shall feel grateful if you publish my views in the columns of your esteemed paper.

Begging is an evil. It is a blot on the fair name of our country. Beggars can be seen everywhere. Most of the beggars are able-bodied. They can easily do work. They spend this money on drinking and gambling.

I request the government to look into the problem seriously. The evil of begging must be ended.

Yours sincerely  
Ashok Kumar

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# PARAGRAPHS

India.....known for festivals.....Diwali.....Hindu festival.....Lord Rama's return from exile.....people clean their houses and shops.....light their houses.....send greetings.....presents...worship Goddess Laxmi.....children explode crackers.....some people gamble.....

## **AN INDIAN FESTIVAL**

India is known for festivals. Diwali is an important Hindu festival. It is celebrated in the memory of Lord Rama's return from exile. People clean their house and shops. They light their houses with diyas and candles. They send greetings and presents to one another. They worship goddess Laxmi at night. Children explode crackers. Some people gamble on this day. It is an evil. It should be ended.

---

Good manners oil the machine of life....earn us respect... 'please' and 'thank you' settle bitter quarrels....should be observed.....respect elders.....be polite to the younger..... talk less and listen more.....take turn in queue.....civility of behaviour is a moral obligation.....bad manners create bitterness

## **GOOD MANNERS**

Good manners oil the machine of life. They earn us respect. Words like PLEASE and THANK YOU can settle bitter quarrels. Good manners should be observed everywhere. We should respect our elders. We should be polite to the younger. We should talk less and listen more. We should take turn in queue. Civility of behavior is a moral obligation. Bad manners create bitterness. They should be given up.

---

India is my motherland....also the motherland of many saints and sages.....warriors.....oldest civilization.....biggest democracy.....torch bearer of the world peace process.....different religions and cultural backgrounds.....unity in diversity.....progress in science.....nuclear power state.....heritage.....natural resources.....hard-working people.....proud of my motherland

## **MY MOTHERLAND**

India is my motherland. It is also the motherland of many saints and sages. It is the land of warriors. It is the oldest civilization. It is the biggest democracy in the world. It is the torch bearer of world peace process. It has different religions and cultural backgrounds. There is unity in diversity. It has made much progress in science. It is also a nuclear power state. India is rich in heritage and natural resources. There are hard working people. I am proud of my motherland.

---

Students.....very particular about fashions.....ape actors and actresses.....competition among them.....health clubs.....beauty parlours.....boutiques.....students are conscious regarding their physical looks.....put on expensive clothes.....nothing wrong in this.....but they should not devote all their time and energy to fashions.

## **FASHION AMONG STUDENTS**

Students of today are are very particular about fashions. They ape actors and actresses. There is tough competition among them. Boys go to health clubs. Girls go to boutiques and beauty-

parlours. Today's students are conscious regarding their physical looks. They put on expensive clothes. There is nothing wrong in this. But they should not devote all their time and energy to fashions.

---

Discipline is the backbone of character.....comes from the word 'disciple'.....plays important role in family.....in school....in playground.....in office.....soldiers follow whatever is commanded....even objects of nature follow discipline

### ***DISCIPLINE***

Discipline is the backbone of character. The word discipline comes from the word disciple. It plays important role in family. It is needed in school. It is very important in playground and in office. In an army, soldiers follow whatever is commanded. Even objects of nature follow discipline.

---

Spend some time at the railway station.....like watching trains....before the arrival of a train....growing excitement and activity.....some in great hurry.....some unhappy at the departure of loved ones.....coolies run.....vendor boys move in and out of the train.....jostling and elbowing.....after the train has left....platform gives a deserted look.

### ***SCENE AT A RAILWAY STATION***

I often spend some time at the railway station. I like watching trains. I like the scene before the arrival of a train. There is growing excitement and activity. Some people are in a great hurry. Some are unhappy at the departure of their loved ones. Coolies run here and there. Vendor boys move in and out of the train. There is a lot of jostling and elbowing. After the train has left, the platform gives a deserted look.

---

The election day.....full of excitement.....my school.....polling centre.....feverish activity.....rush of voters.....cars, mini-buses used to bring candidates from homes.....free drinks offered to voters....polling officer enquired the names of voters.....verified identity cards.....after casting votes, ink mark put on voter's left forefinger.....booth closed at 5.

### ***SCENE AT A POLLING BOOTH***

The Election Day this Sunday was full of excitement. My school was also a polling centre. There was feverish activity all around. There was a great rush of voters. Cars and mini-buses were used to bring passengers from home. Free drinks were also offered to voters. At first the polling officer enquired the names of voters. Second officer verified the identity cards. After casting vote an indelible ink mark was put on voter's left forefinger. The polling booth was closed at 5 pm.

---

Last Sunday.....with friends.....visited a book fair.....a spectacle to watch....many publishing houses displayed their books....I bought some.....had tea and snacks.....even small children enthusiastic.....bought a book for my younger brother.....returned happy and contented.



### ***A VISIT TO A BOOK FAIR***

Last Sunday, I visited a book fair with my friends. It was a spectacle to watch. Many publishing houses displayed their books. I bought some books of my choice. We also had tea and snacks. Even small children were enthusiastic about the fair. I also bought a book for my younger brother. We returned home happy and contented.

---

Conducted by District Education Officer.....reached with team before morning assembly.....escorted by Principal.....we sang National Anthem.....show of P.T. with drum.....our academic records were checked.....impressed by our science and computer laboratories.....visited sports room.....art and craft room.....Vice-Principal read the annual report.....highly satisfied.

### ***OUR SCHOOL ANNUAL INSPECTION***

Last Monday the Annual Inspection of our school was conducted by the District Education Officer. He reached with his team before the morning assembly. He was escorted by the Principal. At first, we sang the national Anthem. Then there was a show of PT with drum. Our academic records were also checked. The DEO was impressed by our science labs and laboratories. He visited our sports room and art and craft room also. Our Vice-Principal read the Annual Report. He was highly satisfied.

---

An asset to the nation.....law abiding citizen is a real patriot.....good civic sense.....loyal to family society and country.....makes proper use of his vote.....pays tax.....believes in world peace.....he works for the welfare and upliftment of his country.....fights social evils.....must for the prosperity of a country.

### ***AN IDEAL CITIZEN***

An ideal citizen is an asset to the nation. A law abiding citizen is a real patriot. He has a good civic sense. He is loyal to his family, society and country. He makes proper use of his vote. He pays his taxes honestly. He believes in world peace. He works for the welfare and upliftment of his country. He also fights the social evils. An ideal citizen is must for the prosperity of his country.

---

Living in polluted world .....air water food etc. ....everything polluted .....scientists listed the dangers of environmental pollution .....all governments worried .....man himself responsible .....use of fertilizers .....nuclear testing .....contaminating water .....several deadly diseases .....an immediate control must

### ***ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION***

We are living in a polluted world. Air, water, food etc, everything is polluted. Our scientists have listed the dangers of environmental pollution. Even all the governments are worried about it. Man himself is also responsible for it. He is making more and more use of fertilizers. He has started nuclear testing. He is contaminating water. There are several deadly diseases today. An immediate control is must to save the environment.

---

Addiction to drugs is invitation to death .....youth most affected .....waste their money and precious energy .....sometimes steal .....become violent .....become criminals .....loose sense of good and bad .....immediate steps needed.

### ***DRUG ADDICTION***

Addiction to drugs is invitation to death. Youth are the most affected by these. They waste their money and precious energy on drugs. Sometimes they steal money for it. Sometimes they become violent also. Some of them become criminals. They loose the sense of good and bad. Immediate steps are needed to end this.

---

Inaugurated by the District Education Officer .....120 items on display ..... Most of them working models ..... showed newness ..... everyone fascinated ..... Students explained with confidence .....teachers had worked hard ..... Appreciated.

### ***SCIENCE FAIR IN OUR SCHOOL***

Last Monday the Science fair in our school was inaugurated by the District Education Officer. 120 items were put on display. Most of them were working models. Some of them showed newness. Everyone was fascinated by the fair. All students explained their models with confidence. Teachers had worked hard for the fair. All appreciated it.

---

New computer wing ..... inaugurated by Principal polytechnic college ..... Generous grants from N.G.O. ....organized a talk on role of computers ..... computers have revolutionized life ..... knowledge of the world thrown at man's feet ..... Urged the students to take maximum advantage of computer wing ..... tea served ..... gave demonstration to handle the computer ..... Students happy and proud.

### ***INAUGURATION OF COMPUTER WING IN OUR SCHOOL***

Last Monday a new computer wing was inaugurated in our school by Principal polytechnic college. It was made with generous grants from n.g.o. They organized a talk on the role of computers. They told that computers have revolutionized our life. Knowledge of the world is thrown at Man's feet. They urged the students to take maximum advantage of computer wing. Tea was also served. They gave demonstration to handle the computer. All students were happy and proud.

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Fast food ..... Quick and inexpensive .....can buy just about anywhere .....much popular ..... inexpensive because made with cheap ingredients .....unhealthy ..... Can lead to health problems like heart diseases and obesity ..... Boycott the habit of eating fast foods.

### ***FAST FOOD- A HEALTH HAZARD***

Eating fast food is very common. It is quick and inexpensive. We can buy it just about everywhere. It is a much popular food. It is inexpensive because it is made of cheap ingredients. It is ver unhealthy. It can lead to health problems like heart diseases and obesity. We should boycott the habit of eating fast food.

---

The cost of living is high in today's world ..... all countries facing population problems ..... India has limited resources ..... Stress should be laid on family planning ..... Spread of education ..... less children ..... Good citizens ..... proper diet ..... Thus have children by choice and not by chance.

***SMALL FAMILY IS A HAPPY FAMILY***

The cost of living is high in today's world. All the countries are facing population problems. Our country, India has limited resources. More stressed should be laid on family planning. Spread of education should be more and more. We should have fewer children. They should be made good citizens. They should be given proper diet. Thus we should have children by choice and not by chance.

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## NOTICE

1. You are Rajiv Sharma, Head Boy of D.A.V. Public School, Ludhiana. Draft a notice for the House-Captains to attend a meeting with the Vice-Principal for the allocation of duties for maintaining discipline in the school.

D.A.V. SCHOOL, LUDHIANA		
NOTICE		
10 April, 20__ __	IMPORTANT	MEETING
<p>House captains must attend a meeting with the Vice- Principal for the allocation of duties for maintaining discipline in the school on 15 April 20__ __ at 10 am in his office. For more information contact undersigned.</p>		
<p>Rajiv RAJIV SHARMA (Head Boy)</p>		

2. You are Manav Shukla, the secretary, Help All Club of the Navodya Vidyalya, Kashmiri Gate, Delhi. Prepare a notice for the school students to help the victims of Kashmir Earthquake with money, medicine, food and clothes.

NAVODYA VIDYALYA, KASHMIRI GATE, DELHI		
NOTICE		
15 April, 20__ __	HELP!	HELP!
	HELP!	HELP!
<p>An earthquake came in Kashmir last week. Many people have lost their lives. Many have been injured. Help All Club requests you all to help the victims with money, medicines, food and clothes. For more information contact undersigned.</p>		
<p>Manav MANAV SHUKLA Secretary (Help All Club)</p>		

**3. Being a secretary of Sai Baba Society, Somesh Vihar, Delhi, prepare a notice for the residents of the colony giving hints for prevention against Dengue fever.**

<p>SAI BABA SOCIETY, SOMESH VIHAR, DELHI NOTICE</p> <p>15 June, 20__ __</p> <p style="text-align: center;">PROTECT YOURSELF FROM DENGUE</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Spray insecticides in and around the house.</li><li>2. Use mosquito nets.</li><li>3. Remove water from coolers regularly.</li><li>4. Wear clothes that cover arms and legs.</li><li>5. In case of high fever, go to doctor.</li></ol> <p>Sheetal SHEETAL JAIN Secretary (Sai Baba Society)</p>
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**4. Rakesh Sharma is a student of class X in Gandhi Public School, Agra. He has lost his pen during the lunch break. Draft a notice for the school notice board.**

<p>GANDHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, AGRA NOTICE</p> <p>15 April, 20__ __</p> <p style="text-align: center;">LOST!                      LOST!                      LOST!</p> <p>A parker pen was lost yesterday in the lunch break. It is of Cello company and redin colour. The finder is requested to give it to 10<sup>th</sup> class in charge. He/She will begiven a prize. For more information contact undersigned.</p> <p>Rakesh RAKESH SHARMA (X-B)</p>
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**5. You are Mohan Kumar, sports secretary, Parvati Jain School, Jalandhar. Some old sports goods have to be put on sale to collect money for donation to the poor cancer patients. Draft a notice inviting the students to help by buying these goods.**

<p>PARVATI JAIN SCHOOL, JALANDHAR NOTICE</p> <p>15 April, 20__ __</p> <p style="text-align: center;">GIVE A HELPING HAND</p> <p>Some old sports goods are being put on sale to collect money for the poor cancer patients. The school requests the students to help by buying these goods. For more information contact undersigned.</p> <p>Mohan MOHAN (Sports Secretary)</p>
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**6. R. K. M. Public School, Ajmer is organizing a summer camp in school for a month. The activities include theatre workshop and pottery making. Draft a notice for the interested students to get registered by paying a fee of Rs. 1000 to the school clerk. You are J.J.Singh, in-charge of the Art and Craft Department of the school.**

<p>R. K. M. PUBLIC SCHOOL, AJMER NOTICE</p> <p>15 May, 20__ __</p> <p style="text-align: center;">SUMMER CAMP</p> <p>The school is organizing a Summer Camp in the school for a month. The activities are theatre workshop and pottery making. Interested students can get registered by paying a fee of Rs. 1000 to the school clerk.</p> <p>J. J. Singh J. J. SINGH In-charge (Art and Craft Department)</p>
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- 7. You are Nimisha, Editor, School Magazine, Radha Vatika School, Khanna. Draft a notice inviting entries for the magazine from students. The last date is 10<sup>th</sup> of October.**

<p>RADHA VATIKA SCHOOL, KHANNA NOTICE</p> <p>5 October, 20 __ __</p> <p>BE A WRITER</p> <p>A school magazine 'Ujala' is being published. The school is inviting entries for the magazine from students. The last date is 10<sup>th</sup> of October. For more information contact undersigned.</p> <p>Nimisha NIMISHA (Editor)</p>
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- 8. A notice is to be prepared for putting up on the students' notice board informing them about the school inspection to be held on 16<sup>th</sup> April, 20.... . It is from Seema Mittal, Principal, Government School, Sirhind.**

<p>GOVERNMENT SCHOOL, SIRHIND NOTICE</p> <p>10 April, 20 __ __</p> <p>ATTENTION!</p> <p>All the students are being informed about the school inspection to be held on 16<sup>th</sup> April, 20..... . All the students should keep discipline and cleanliness. All must be in proper uniforms. For more information contact undersigned.</p> <p>Seema Mittal SEEMA MITTAL (Principal)</p>
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**9. You are Raghav, Secretary, Dramatics Club, of Victor Model school, Jalandhar.**

<p>VICTOR MODEL SCHOOL, JALANDHAR NOTICE</p> <p>10 March, 20 __ __</p> <p>INTER STATE DRAMATICS COMPETITION</p> <p>The school is informing the students about the Inter State Dramatics Competition to be held at Desh Bhagat Hall on 27 March. Those who want totake part should give their name. For more information contact undersigned.</p> <p>Raghav RAGHAV Secretary (Dramatics Club)</p>
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***Draft a notice informing the students about the Inter State Dramatics Competition to be held at Deshbhagat Hall on 27 March.***

**10. You are Munish, the Head Boy of Karnal Public school, karnal. Write a notice for the school notice board. Inviting the students to participate in the Annual Sports day.**

<p>KARNAL PUBLIC SCHOOL, KARNAL NOTICE</p> <p>15 November, 20 __ __</p> <p>ANNUAL SPORTS DAY</p> <p>The school is organizing the Annual Sports Day on 25 November in the School Ground. The events are races, jumps and throws. Those who want to take part should give their names to the DPE before 20 November. For more information contact undersigned.</p> <p>Munish MUNISH KUMAR (Head Boy)</p>
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**11. You are Yogita, Head Girl of Shivalik Public School, Chandigarh. You have been asked to write a notice regarding a bicycle found in the school.**

SHIVALIK PUBLIC SCHOOL, CHANDIGARH		
NOTICE		
15 April, 20 __ __		
FOUND!	FOUND!	FOUND!
<p>A bicycle was found in the cycle shed yesterday after the school time. Anyone who has left his/her bicycle can take it from the peon after giving its proper details. for more information contact undersigned.</p>		
<p>Yogita YOGITA (Head Girl)</p>		

**12. You are Sonal, Cultural Secretary, of the City Public School, Lucknow. Draft a notice inviting students to give their names for Fancy Dress Competition.**

CITY PUBLIC SCHOOL, LUCKNOW		
NOTICE		
15 April, 20 __ __		
FANCY	DRESS	COMPETITION
<p>The school is organizing a Fancy Dress Competition on 25 April in the School Hall. The groups are 1<sup>st</sup> to 5<sup>th</sup> and 6<sup>th</sup> to 8<sup>th</sup>. Those who want to take part should give their names to their class incharges before 20 April. For more information contact undersigned.</p>		
<p>Sonal SONAL (Cultural Secretary)</p>		

**13. You are the President of Lila Resident Association, Tilak Nagar, Delhi. You want to hold a meeting against the frequent power failure in the colony. Write a notice inviting the residents of the colony to attend the meeting.**

LILA RESIDENT ASSOCIATION, TILAK NAGAR, DELHI NOTICE
15 June, 20 __ __
URGENT MEETING
A meeting of the residents is going to be held on 16 June at 6 pm in the park. The meeting is about frequent power failure in the colony. All the residents must attend this meeting. For more information contact undersigned.
Mohan Lal MOHAN LAL (President)

**14. You are Nirvan, President, History Society of Megha Public School. You plan to organize an educational tour to Goa during the summer vacation. Prepare a notice for the school notice board mentioning the schedule and expenses of the tour.**

MEGHA PUBLIC SCHOOL, MOGA NOTICE
15 May, 2013
EDUCATIONAL TOUR
History Society of the school is organizing an Educational Tour to Goa as follows:
Date :- 1 June to 7 June
Expenses :- ₹ 2000 per person
Those who want to go can give their names to their class in charges before 20 May 20 __ __. Fore more information contact undersigned.
Nirvan NIRVAN BANSAL President (History Society)

# MESSAGES

1. Ajit Sharma : Hello! Is this 2410786?  
Anju : Yes, may I know who is calling?  
Ajit Sharma : I am Ajit Sharma and I want to talk to Mr. Chadda.  
Anju : Papa is not at home. You can give me the message.  
Ajit Sharma : Tell him that the society meeting has been postponed and as soon as the new date is fixed, I'll let him know.  
Anju : All right, I'll convey the message.  
**As Anju has to go out, she writes the message for her father.**

MESSAGE	
11 <sup>th</sup> June, 201_	6.30 pm
Papa Mr. Ajit Sharma rang up to tell you that the society meeting has been postponed and as soon as the new date is fixed, he'll let you know.	
Anju	

2. Romesh : Hello Ria, where is mama?  
Ria : She has gone to the kitty party.  
Romesh : Please tell her that I will bring two of my friends for dinner tonight.  
Ria : Fine. Is there anything else she should know?  
Romesh : Yes, tell her to prepare fish-curry.  
Ria : Is that all?  
Romesh : Yes, Bye.  
**Ria has to go to her friend's house. So she writes the message for mother.**

MESSAGE	
15 <sup>th</sup> March, 201_	2.00 pm
Mama Romesh rang up to tell you that he will bring two of his friends for dinner tonight. He has asked you to prepare fish-curry.	
Ria	

3. Neha : Hello! Is it 4607875?  
 Seema : Yes.  
 Neha : I am Neha. May I speak to Kriti, please?  
 Seema : She has gone to the market and won't be back till 9 o'clock.  
 Neha : Please tell her that she is invited to my birthday party on 15<sup>th</sup> April at 6 pm at my house.  
 Seema : I'll convey your message.  
 Neha : Thank You.

**Seema has to go outside. So she writes the message for Kriti.**

MESSAGE	
13 <sup>th</sup> April, 201_	4.30 pm
Kriti	
Neha rang up to tell you that you are invited to her birthday party on 15 <sup>th</sup> April at 6 pm at her house.	
Seema	

4. Nandan : May I talk to Arun?  
 Nikita : I'm sorry, he is not at home.  
 Nandan : Why didn't he come to school today?  
 Nikita : He has gone to visit a relative.  
 Nandan : Will you please convey my message to him?  
 Nikita : What is it?  
 Nandan : Tell him to bring my English notebook as I need it for correction tomorrow.  
 Nikita : Anything else?  
 Nandan : Yes, tell him that our science test has ben postponed. Our teacher will announce the new date tomorrow.  
 Nikita : I will tell him.  
 Nandan : Thank you.

**Nikita has to go to the market. So she writes the message for Nandan.**

MESSAGE	
14 <sup>th</sup> May, 201_	5.30 pm
Arun	
Nandan rang up to tell you to take his English notebook as he needs it for correction tomorrow. Your science test has been postponed. Your teacher will announce the new date tomorrow.	
Nikita	

5. Anoushka : Hello, is it 229509?  
 Ritu : Yes, may I know who is calling?  
 Anoushka : I am Anoushka, can I talk to Ishaan?  
 Ritu : He has gone to the library.  
 Anoushka : Please tell him that his interview for 'Tata Indicom' has been fixed for tomorrow 9 am sharp. He should reach the office in time and also bring his certificates along with him. Don't forget. It is urgent.  
 Ritu : I'll convey the message.  
 Anoushka : Thank You.

**Ritu has to go to visit her sister so she writes the message for Ishaan**

MESSAGE	
10 <sup>th</sup> may, 201_	7.30 pm
<p>Ishaan            Anoushka rang up to tell you that your interview for 'Tata Indicom' has been fixed for tomorrow 9 am sharp. You should reach the office in time and also take your certificates along with you.</p>	
<p>Ritu</p>	

6. Gulzar : Is it 828713?  
 Sonam : Yes, who is calling?  
 Gulzar : I am Gulzar from JCT Phagwara. I would like to speak to Dhruv.  
 Sonam : He is not at home. I am his sister and you can give me the message.  
 Gulzar : Please tell him that he has been selected for the post of Junior Engineering and he must join duty tomorrow 10 am.  
 Sonam : Anything else?  
 Gulzar : Yes, tell him to bring along the photocopies of his certificates.  
 Sonam : Sure, I'll convey your message.  
 Gulzar : Thank you. Bye.

**Sonam writes the message for Dhruv as she has to go out for dinner.**

MESSAGE

15<sup>th</sup> March, 201\_ 5.30 pm

Dhruv  
Mr. Gulzar from JCT Phagwara rang up to say that you have been selected for the post of Junior Engineer and you must join duty tomorrow 10 am. Also take along the photocopies of your certificates.

Sonam

7. Ravi : Hello! Is it 2895634?  
Tina : Yes, may I know who is on the line?  
Ravi : This is Ravi. May I talk to Suraj?  
Tina : He is not at home.  
Ravi : Do me a favour. Tell him to pick me up while going to office tomorrow as my car has been sent for servicing.  
Tina : Anything else?  
Ravi : Tell him to bring the file I gave him.  
Tina : I'll convey your message.  
Ravi : Thank you. Bye.

**Tina writes the message for Suraj as she has to go to her Kitty party.**

MESSAGE

14<sup>th</sup> May, 201\_ 11.30 pm

Suraj  
Ravi rang up to tell you to pick him up while going to office tomorrow as his car has been sent for servicing. Also take the file he gave you.

Tina

8. Vikas : Hello, is that Rajat?  
Ravi : It's Ravi speaking. Rajat is not at home at the moment.  
Vikas : We had planned to see 'Krish' running at arora Palace today evening. Please tell him to wait for me at the main gate.  
Ravi : Don't worry, I shall leave a message.  
Vikas : Thank you Ravi. Bye.

**Ravi has to go to market and he will not be able to meet Rajat. Write a message on his behalf.**

MESSAGE

15<sup>th</sup> May, 201\_

2.00 pm

Rajat

Vikas rang up to tell you that you had planned to see 'Krish' running at Arora Palace today. Please wait for him at the main gate.

Ravi

9. Ajay : Hello, is it 2376589?  
Anu : Yes, may I know who is speaking?  
Ajay : This is Ajay. I want to speak to Mr. Goyal.  
Anu : Papa is not at home. Would you like me to convey him any messages?  
Ajay : Tell him that the meeting schedule for 9<sup>th</sup> March has been postponed to 11<sup>th</sup> March.  
Anu : I'll tell him.  
Ajay : Thank You.

**Anu has to go to school. Write a message on her behalf.**

MESSAGE

5<sup>th</sup> March, 201\_

5.00 pm

Papa

Mr. Ajay rang up to tell you that the meeting scheduled for 9<sup>th</sup> March has been postponed to 11<sup>th</sup> March.

Anu

10. Mrs. Sharma : Hello, is it 2984567?  
Ria : Yes, whom would you like to speak to?  
Mrs. Sharma : I want to talk to Sunita. I am Megha Sharma.  
Ria : Hello auntie, Mummy has gone to the market.  
Mrs. Sharma : Tell her that Nina's father-in-law is not well and we are going to see him at Kapoor Hospital where he is admitted. Tell your mother to be ready by 6 pm as I'll pick her on the way.  
Ria : I'll give her your message, auntie.  
Mrs. Sharma : Thank you, dear. Bye.

**Ria has to go to her friend's house. Write the message for mother on her behalf.**

MESSAGE

15<sup>th</sup> May, 201\_ 3.00 pm

Mummy  
Megha Sharma rang up to tell you that Nina's father- in- law is not well and they are going to see him at Kapoor Hospital where he is admitted. Be ready by 6 pm as she'll pick you on the way.

Ria

11. Kishor : Hello! Could I speak to Raghu?  
Rani : Raghu has gone out. This is his sister Rani speaking.  
Kishor : Will you please tell him to reach the Extension Library by 10 am tomorrow for the renewal of our membership.  
Rani : Of course, I will tell him. Anything else?  
Kishor : Yes, tell him to carry his membership card.  
Rani : Sure. Bye.

**Rani has to go to club for a meeting. Write down the message as she would write for Raghu**

MESSAGE

15<sup>th</sup> May, 201\_ 5.00 pm

Raghu  
Kishor rang up to tell you to reach the Extension Library by 10 am tomorrow for the renewable of your membership. Also take your membership card.

Rani

12. Rajesh : Hello, could I speak to Hemant, please?  
Harish : Sorry, Hemant has not yet arrived.  
Rajesh : Could you please convey to him that Mr. Verma has arrived at the company head office and he would like to meet Hemant tomorrow evening.  
Harish : Sure, I'll tell him.  
Rajesh : Tell him to reach the office by 9 am.  
Harish : I'll convey the message.  
Rajesh : Thank you. Bye.

**Harish has to go to Delhi so he leaves the message for Hemant. Write the message on his behalf.**



MESSAGE

15<sup>th</sup> May, 201\_

5.00 pm

Hemant

Rajesh rang up to tell you that Mr. Verma has arrived at the company head office and he would like meet you tomorrow morning. Please reach the office by 9 am.

Harish

## COMPREHENSION

One evening a boy of eight was out for a walk with his father. There was also an elderly man with his father. Chatting they walked on and went beyond the village. The green crops delighted their eyes. The elders were walking along the edge of a field. Not hearing the footsteps of the boy, the father looked back. The boy was sitting on the ground and seemed to be planting something. The father became curious. "What are you doing?" said he. "Look father I shall grow guns all over the field," was the innocent reply of the boy. His eyes shone with the strong faith that guns would grow in the field. Both the elders were struck with wonder at the little boy's words. The boy was Bhagat Singh who later fought like a hero for India's freedom and sacrificed his life.

**Answer the following questions briefly:**

- (a) Where were the elders walking?
- (b) What was the boy doing?
- (c) What faith did the boy have?
- (d) **Complete the following sentences:**
  - (i) Father looked back because.....
  - (ii) Bhagat Singh sacrificed his life for
- (e) **Match the words in column A with their synonyms in column B:**

A	B
Edge	surprise
Curious	boundary
Innocent	inquiring
Wonder	blameless

Dr C.V. Raman was a genius who won the Nobel Prize for Physics, using simple equipment barely worth Rs.300. He was the first Asian scientist to win the Nobel Prize. He was a man of boundless curiosity and a lively sense of humour. His spirit of enquiry and devotion to science laid the foundation for scientific research in India. And he won honours as a scientist, and affection as a teacher and a man. Raman was studious. He kept in touch with the latest developments in science in the world around him. He had personal contacts with many scientists. He used to read new books and research papers from different centres. "The equipment which brought me the Nobel Prize did not cost more than three hundred rupees. A table drawer can hold all my research equipment," he used to say with pride. It was his conviction that if the research worker is not inspired from within, no amount of money can bring him or her success in research.

**Answer the following questions briefly:**

- (a) What kind of a man was Dr. C.V.Raman?
- (b) What is he famous for?
- (c) What was his conviction?
- (d) **Complete the following sentences:**
  - (i) The equipment that won him the Nobel Prize.....
  - (ii) A research worker is successful only if he is.....
- (e) **Match the words in column A with their antonyms in column B**

A	B
Curiosity	doubt
Affection	apathy
Conviction	failure
Success	dislike

Early rising leads to health and happiness. The man who rises late can have little rest in the course of the day. Anyone who lies late in bed is compelled to work till late hours in the evening. He has to go without the evening exercise which is so necessary for his health. In spite of all his efforts, his work will not produce as good results as that of an early riser. The reason for this is that he cannot take advantage of the refreshing morning hours. Some people say that the quiet hours of midnight are the best time for working. Several great thinkers say that they can write best only when they burn the midnight oil. Yet it is true to say that few men can have a clear brain at midnight when the body needs rest and sleep. Those who work at that time soon ruin their health. Bad health must, in long run, have a bad effect on the quality of their work.

**Answer the following questions briefly:**

- (a) What leads to health and happiness?
- (b) What is a late riser compelled to do?
- (c) Why can't we have a clear brain at midnight?
- (d) **Complete the following sentences:**
  - (i) The man who rises late cannot take advantage of the.....
  - (ii) Some thinkers can write best when they.....
- (e) **Match the words in column A with their synonym in column B:**

A	B
Compelled	benefit
Necessary	destroy
Advantage	forced
Ruin	essential

Each one of us should have a hobby. Sometimes boys and girls are encouraged in schools to take up hobbies. They work at certain things in schools such as collecting stamps, or carpentry, but this so-called hobby is a thing for schools only. They do not pay any attention to it at their homes. Sometimes this is because of poverty, sometimes because of lack of interest. But a hobby is not really a hobby unless we are so interested in it that we want to carry it whenever we have spare time. According to the dictionary, a hobby is a favourite subject or occupation that is not one's main business. It is something in which we are more interested than in anything else.

**Answer the following questions:**

- (a) What is the dictionary meaning of a hobby?
- (b) When does a hobby become a thing for schools only?
- (c) Name the hobbies mentioned in the passage.
- (d) **Complete the following sentences:**
  - (i) We should carry on our hobby whenever we have.....
  - (ii) Sometimes students cannot pay attention to their hobbies due to.....
- (e) **Match the words in column A with their antonyms in column B:**

A	B
Interested	discourage
Lack	disinterested
Spare	have
Encourage	occupied

Ashoka the most trusted son of Bindusara and grandson of Chandragupta Maurya, was a brave soldier. He was the most famous of the Mauryan kings and was one of the greatest rulers of India. Ashoka extended the Maurya Empire to the whole of India, reaching out even into Central Asia. Ashoka succeeded in conquering Kalinga after a bloody war in which 100,000 men were killed, 150,000 injured and thousands were captured and retained as slaves. The sight of the slaughter involved in his conquest deeply affected his mind. This was a turning point in his life. He renounced war and sought peace in Buddha's preachings of love and non-violence. He also gave up hunting and became a strict vegetarian.

**Answer the following questions briefly:**

- (a) What was the name Ashoka's grandfather?
- (b) What happened in the war of Kalinga?
- (c) What changes came in Ashoka's life after the war?
- (d) Who was the greatest ruler of India?
- (e) **Complete the following sentences:**
  - (i) Ashoka was one of the.....
  - (ii) For Ashoka war of Kalinga was a.....
  - (iii) The extent of Ashoka's empire was spread over to.....
- (f) **Match the words in column A with their synonyms in column B:**

<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>
Famous	give up
Involved	well-known
Conquest	takeover
Renounce	drawn-in

“ Brothers and sisters, the long night is at last drawing to a close. Miseries and sorrows are disappearing. Ours is a sacred country. She is gradually waking up, thanks to the fresh breeze all around. Are you prepared for all sacrifices for the sake of your motherland? If you are, then you can rid the land of poverty and ignorance. You should develop a strong physique. You should shape your mind through study and meditation. Only then will victory be yours. I loved my country dearly before I went to America and England. After my return, every particle of the dust of this land seems sacred to me. “ Do you know who carried this message to the whole continent of Asia? It was Swami Vivekanand.

**Answer the following questions briefly:**

- (a) How can you rid the land of poverty and ignorance?
- (b) How can you shape your mind?
- (c) Where did Swami Vivekananda carry the message?
- (d) **Complete the following sentences:**
  - (i) We should make sacrifices for the sake of.....
  - (ii) India is gradually.....
- (e) Who speaks the above lines?
- (f) Name the places visited by Swami Vivekananda.

## **A Nation's Strength :**

Not gold, but only men can make  
A nation great and strong  
Men who, for truth and honour's sake,  
Stand fast and suffer long.  
Brave men who work while others sleep,  
Who dare while others fly.  
They build a nation's pillars deep'  
And lift them to the sky.

**Answer the following questions briefly:**

- (a) What makes a nation great and strong?  
(b) What do brave men do while others sleep?  
(c) How can they lift a nation to the sky?  
(d) 1. Give the other word that rhymes with 'fly'?  
2. Explain, 'They build a nation's pillars deep'?  
(e) **Match the words in column A with their meanings in column B:**

<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>
Truth	endure
Suffer	challenge
Dare	raise
Lift	reality

## **My Books :**

I love my books  
They are the homes  
Of queens and fairies,  
Knights and gnomes.  
Each time I read I make a call  
On some quaint person big or small,  
Who welcomes me with a hearty hand  
And leads me through his wonderland.  
Each book is like  
A city street  
Along whose winding  
Way I meet  
New friends and old who laugh and sing  
And take me off adventuring.

**Answer the following questions briefly:**

- (a) Why does the poet love his books?  
(b) How does the quaint person welcome the poet?  
(c) Where do the new and old friends take the poet?  
(d) **Choose the right answer:**  
(I) The poet is led through a..... each time he reads a book.  
1. Home  
2. Wonderland  
(II) In the books the poet meets new and old friends in the.....  
1. City streets  
2. Wonderland

(e) **Match the words in column A with their antonyms in column B:**

<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>
Quaint	straight
Winding	foe
Hearty	modern
Friend	feeble

## The rainbow

Boats sail on the river,  
And ships sail on the seas;  
But clouds that sail across the sky  
Are prettier than these.  
There are bridges on the rivers,  
As pretty as you please;  
But the bow that bridges heaven,  
And overtops the trees,  
And builds a road from earth to sky,  
Is prettier far than these.

**Answer the following questions briefly:**

- (a) Where do the boats and ships sail?
- (b) What is prettier than boats and ships?
- (c) Where does the rainbow build a road?
- (d) **Complete the following sentences:**
  - (i) According to the poet, the ..... is the prettiest.
  - (ii) The rainbow bridges .....
- (e) (i) The word 'bow' in the 7<sup>th</sup> line refers to.....  
(ii) 'These' in the last line refers to .....
- (f) **Match the words in column A with their meaning in column B:**

A	B
Pretty	makes
Builds	beautiful

## The Noble Nature

It is not growing like a tree  
In bulk doth make man better be;  
Or standing long an oak, three hundred year,  
To fall a log at last, dry, bald, and sere.  
A lily of a day  
Is fairer far in may,  
Although it fall and die that night  
It was the plant and flower of light.  
In small proportions we just beauties see;  
And in short measures life may perfect be.

**Answer the following questions briefly:**

- (a) What does not make a man a better being?
- (b) Which thing in nature can live up to three hundred years?
- (c) How long does a lily live?
- (d) What message is conveyed through this poem?
- (e) The life of an oak tree is.....
- (f) It was the plant and flower .....
- (g) What is common between a man and a tree?
- (h) **Match the words in column A with their synonyms in column B:**

A	B
Bulk	faultless
Bald	largeness
Proportion	hairless
Perfect	amount

Stone walls do not a prison make  
 Nor iron bars a cage:  
 Mind's innocent and quiet take  
 That for a hermitage.  
 If I have freedom in my love,  
 And in my soul am free'  
 Angels alone that soar above  
 Enjoy such liberty.

**questions:**

1. What does not make a prison?
2. According to the poet what does not make a cage?
3. Which quality of mind makes a hermitage?
4. **Complete the summary of the poem after filling in the blanks:**

A prison is not made of .....walls, neither is a cage of .....bars. it is only an .....and .....mind that makes a ..... . Such liberty is enjoyed only by .....

5. **Match the words in column A with their meanings in column B:**

<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>
Prison	spirit
Soar	freedom
Soul	jail
Liberty	rise

Ere on my bed my limbs I lay,  
 God grant me grace my prayers to say:  
 O God! Preserve my mother dear  
 In strength and health for many a year;  
 And, O! preserve my father too,  
 And may I pay him reverence due;  
 And may I my best thoughts employ  
 To be my parents' hope and joy;  
 And O! preserve my brothers both  
 From evil doings and from sloth,  
 And may we always love each other  
 Our friends, our father, and our mother:  
 And still, O Lord, to me impart  
 An innocent and grateful heart,  
 That after m great sleep I may  
 Awake to thy eternal day! Amen!

**Questions:**

1. When does the child pray?
2. What does the child pray to God for his mother?
3. What does he ask for himself?

4. **Tick the right answer:**
- (a) The child pays .....to his father.
1. reverence
  2. strength
- (b) The child wants to be the hope and joy of ..... .
1. God
  2. his parents
5. Give the rhyme scheme of the last four lines.
6. Give the other word that rhymes with 'employ'.

Oft I had heard of Lucy Gray;  
 And when I crossed the wild,  
 I chanced to see at break of day;  
 The solitary child,  
 No mate, no comrade Lucy Knew;  
 She dwelt on a wild moor,  
 The sweetest thing that ever grew;  
 Beside a human door !

**Questions:**

1. Who had the poet heard of?
2. When did he chance to see her?
3. Where did Lucy live?
4. What has she been compared to?
5. **Match the words in column A with their meanings in column B:**

A	B
Break of day	friend
Mate	morning

The storm came before its time,  
 She wandered up and down;  
 And many a hill did Lucy climb;  
 But never reached the town,  
 The wretched parents all that night,  
 Went shouting far and wide;  
 But there was neither sound nor sight  
 To serve them for a guide.

**Questions:**

1. When did the storm come?
  2. Why did Lucy not reach the town?
  3. What did the parents do?
  4. **Complete the following sentences :**
- (a) She wandered.....and down.
- (b) But there was neither .....nor sound.
5. **Match the words in column A with their meanings in column B:**

A	B
Wandered	crying
Shouting	moved



Beside the ungather'd rice he lay,  
 His sickle in his hand;  
 His breast was bare, his matted hair  
 Was buried in the sand.  
 Again in the mist and shadow of sleep  
 He saw his native land.

**Questions:**

1. Where was the slave lying?
2. What did he have in his hand?
3. Where was his hair buried?
4. **Match the words in column A with their meanings in column B:**

**B:**

<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>
Bare	mother land
Native land	uncovered

The sure way of making and keeping good friends is to be a good listener. Take care to listen to the person with interest. Also make sure that when you speak yourself, you say as much as is needed to open up some fresh topic for the other person to start conversation. People do not like to be interrepted by others while speaking. Most of the friendships begin by little acts of kindness, sympathy and understanding to lonely folk. Sincerity is the keynote of friendship. Sincerity includes loyalty, sympathy and trust. A common interest will draw you very close to someone.

**Questions:**

1. How can you make good friends?
2. What is the keynote of friendship?
3. **Complete the following sentences:**
  - (a) People do not like to ..... By friends.
  - (b) Speak as much as is .....to open up some fresh conversation.

**4.. Match the words in column A with their meanings in column B:**

<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>
Start	faith
Trust	begin

Sir Alexander Fleming was very humble and modest man. He found Penicillin by chance. He was very hard working. He tried all his life to fight for killing germs in human body. Before the invention of Penicillin, carbolic acid and sulfa drugs were used as disinfectants. These killed the germs of many diseases. But these also harmed the cells of human body. Penicillin saved the lives of millions of human beings.

**Questions:**

1. What was the nature of Sir Alexander Fleming?
2. What did he find?
3. For which work did he devote all his life?
4. **Complete the following sentences :**
  - (a) Carbolic acid and sulfa drugs killed the .....diseases.
  - (b) Penicillin saved the lives .....
5. **Match the words in column A with their meanings in column B :**

<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>
Humble	discovery
Invention	noble

Subhash Chandra was a great Indian. He was bold and courageous. He was a man of firm determination. He believed in action, not in passive resistance. He was extremely sensitive where dignity and self respect of the country was concerned. His life was a glowing tribute to his dedication and self-sacrifice for the country.

**Questions:**

1. Who was Subhash Chandra?
2. What did he do for his country during his life?
3. **Complete the following sentences :**
  - (a) Subhash Chandra believed .....
  - (b) His life was .....his dedication.
4. **Match the words in column A with their meanings in column B**

<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>
Bold	related
Concerned	showing no fear

Guru Gobind Singh, the last of the ten Sikh Gurus, was a great son of India. He led India to sublime heights of glory. He brought about moral resurgence and created order out of disorderly social conditions. He was a multi-faceted personality. He was a poet, a soldier, a statesman, a leader and a true socialist—all in one. He put his life into the dying social order by giving it a wholly new outlook.

**Questions :**

- (1) Who was the last Sikh Guru?
- (2) What did he do to improve the social order?
- (3) How did he put his life into the dying social order?
- (4) **Complete the following sentences:**
  - (a) Guru Gobind Singh was a .....of India.
  - (b) He was a great soldier..... and a true socialist.
- (5) **Match the words in column A with their meanings in column B :**

A	B
Glory	Lawless
Disorderly honour	High fame and

The elephant is the only animal with its trunk. It uses its trunk in many ways. It pulls leaves of trees with its trunk and then puts them into its mouth. It can use its trunk to get water. The trunk can hold a lot of water to drink. An elephant needs to drink more than three pints of water everyday. In Africa men have hunted elephants for their tusks. The ivory from tusks is made into many beautiful things. It has been easy for men to train elephants. In Asia, people use elephants to carry heavy things for long distances.

**Questions:**

- (1) In what three ways does an elephant use its trunk?
- (2) How much water does an elephant need to drink in a day?
- (3) **Complete the following sentences:**
  - (a) The ivory from tusks is used to make.....
  - (b) Elephants are used to carry .....for long distances.
- (4) **Match the words in column A with their meanings in column B :**

A	B
Tusks	Risky
Dangerous	teeth

# RETRANSLATION

## (ਪੰਜਾਬੀ)

1. ਮੈਂ ਇਹ ਸਵਾਲ ਹੱਲ ਕਰ ਸਕਦਾ ਹਾਂ ।
2. ਤੁਹਾਨੂੰ ਕਿਸੇ ਚੰਗੇ ਡਾਕਟਰ ਨੂੰ ਦਿਖਾਉਣਾ ਚਾਹੀਦਾ ਹੈ ।
3. ਸਾਨੂੰ ਆਪਣੇ ਮਾਤਾ ਪਿਤਾ ਦਾ ਕਹਿਣਾ ਮੰਨਣਾ ਚਾਹੀਦਾ ਹੈ ।
4. ਹੋ ਸਕਦਾ ਹੈ, ਅੱਜ ਰਾਤ ਮੀਂਹ ਪਵੇ ।
5. ਉਹ ਇੱਥੇ ਰਿਹਾ ਕਰਦਾ ਸੀ ।
6. ਮਿਹਨਤ ਕਰੋ, ਅਜਿਹਾ ਨਾ ਹੋਵੇ ਕਿ ਫ਼ੇਲ ਹੋ ਜਾਵੇ ।
7. ਸਾਨੂੰ ਆਪਣੇ ਦੇਸ਼ ਦੀ ਸੇਵਾ ਕਰਨੀ ਚਾਹੀਦੀ ਹੈ ।
8. ਸਭ ਨੇ ਇਕ ਦਿਨ ਮਰਨਾ ਹੀ ਹੈ ।
9. ਕਾਸ਼ ਮੈਂ ਅਮੀਰ ਹੁੰਦਾ !
10. ਮੇਰੀ ਕੀ ਮਜ਼ਾਲ ਕਿ ਮੈਂ ਤੁਹਾਡਾ ਅਪਮਾਨ ਕਰਾਂ ।
11. ਅਸੀਂ ਕ੍ਰਿਕਟ ਖੇਡਦੇ ਹਾਂ ।
12. ਮੇਰੀ ਘੜੀ ਠੀਕ ਸਮਾਂ ਨਹੀਂ ਦਿੰਦੀ ਹੈ ।
13. ਧਰਤੀ ਸੂਰਜ ਦੁਆਲੇ ਘੁੰਮਦੀ ਹੈ ।
14. ਉਹ ਕਦੋਂ ਸੌਂਦੇ ਹਨ ?
15. ਮੈਂ ਪੱਤਰ ਲਿਖ ਰਿਹਾ ਹਾਂ ।
16. ਮੁੰਡੇ ਸ਼ੋਰ ਮਚਾ ਰਹੇ ਹਨ ।
17. ਕੀ ਚਪੜਾਸੀ ਘੰਟੀ ਵਜਾ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ ?
18. ਤੁਸੀਂ ਆਪਣੀਆਂ ਕਿਤਾਬਾਂ ਕਿਉਂ ਖ਼ਰਾਬ ਕਰ ਰਹੇ ਹੋ ?
19. ਮੈਂ ਆਪਣਾ ਕੰਮ ਖ਼ਤਮ ਕਰ ਲਿਆ ਹੈ ।
20. ਉਸ ਨੇ ਇਸ ਪਾਠ ਦੀ ਦੁਹਰਾਈ ਨਹੀਂ ਕੀਤੀ ਹੈ ।
21. ਕੀ ਵਰਖਾ ਰੁੱਤ ਸ਼ੁਰੂ ਹੋ ਗਈ ਹੈ ?
22. ਉਹ ਕਦੇ ਆਗਰਾ ਨਹੀਂ ਗਿਆ ਹੈ ।
23. ਸਵੇਰ ਤੋਂ ਬੁੱਢਾ-ਬਾਂਦੀ ਹੋ ਰਹੀ ਹੈ ।
24. ਮੈਂ ਦਸ ਸਾਲ ਤੋਂ ਇਸ ਸਕੂਲ ਵਿਚ ਪੜ੍ਹਾ ਰਹੀ ਹਾਂ ।
25. ਕੀ ਸਵੇਰ ਤੋਂ ਮੁਸਲਾਧਾਰ ਵਰਖਾ ਹੋ ਰਹੀ ਹੈ ?
26. ਕੀ ਮਾਲੀ ਸਵੇਰ ਤੋਂ ਪੌਦਿਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਪਾਣੀ ਨਹੀਂ ਦੇ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ ?
27. ਮੈਂ ਕਲ ਆਪਣੇ ਦੋਸਤ ਦੇ ਘਰ ਗਿਆ ।
28. ਉਹ ਕੱਲ ਬਾਜ਼ਾਰ ਨਹੀਂ ਗਏ ।
29. ਕੀ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਆਪਣਾ ਸਮਾਂ ਬਰਬਾਦ ਕੀਤਾ ?
30. ਅਸੀਂ ਚਾਹ ਪੀ ਰਹੇ ਸੀ ।
31. ਉਹ ਕ੍ਰਿਕਟ ਨਹੀਂ ਖੇਡ ਰਹੇ ਸਨ ।
32. ਕੀ ਉਹ ਸਕੂਲ ਜਾ ਰਹੇ ਸਨ ?
33. ਮੇਰੇ ਸਕੂਲ ਪਹੁੰਚਣ ਤੋਂ ਪਹਿਲਾਂ ਘੰਟੀ ਵੱਜ ਚੁੱਕੀ ਸੀ ।
34. ਕੀ ਡਾਕਟਰ ਦੇ ਆਉਣ ਤੋਂ ਪਹਿਲਾਂ ਮਰੀਜ਼ ਮਰ ਚੁੱਕਾ ਸੀ ?
35. ਮੁੰਡੇ ਦੇ ਦਿਨ ਤੋਂ ਨੱਚਣ ਦੀ ਪ੍ਰੈਕਟਿਸ ਕਰ ਰਹੇ ਸਨ ।
36. ਕੀ ਉਹ ਕਾਫ਼ੀ ਸਮੇਂ ਤੋਂ ਕਿਤਾਬ ਲਿਖ ਰਿਹਾ ਸੀ ?
37. ਉਹ ਪਤੰਗਾਂ ਉਡਾਉਣਗੇ ।
38. ਕੀ ਉਹ ਕੱਲ ਸਕੂਲ ਆਉਣਗੇ ?
39. ਉਹ ਆਪਣਾ ਪਾਠ ਯਾਦ ਕਰ ਰਹੇ ਹੋਣਗੇ ।
40. ਕੀ ਤੁਹਾਡੇ ਮਾਤਾ ਜੀ ਖ਼ਾਣਾ ਬਣਾ ਰਹੇ ਹੋਣਗੇ ?
41. ਮੈਂ ਉਦੋਂ ਤੱਕ ਸੜਕ ਪਾਰ ਕਰ ਚੁੱਕਾ ਹੋਵਾਂਗਾ ।
42. ਕੀ ਉਹ ਮੇਰੇ ਤੋਂ ਪਹਿਲਾਂ ਸਕੂਲ ਪਹੁੰਚ ਚੁੱਕਾ ਹੋਵੇਗਾ ?
43. ਮੈਂ ਦੋ ਘੰਟੇ ਤੋਂ ਪੜ੍ਹ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੋਵਾਂਗਾ ।
44. ਕੀ ਉਹ ਜਲੰਧਰ ਵਿਚ 1995 ਤੋਂ ਰਹਿ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੋਵੇਗਾ ?

45. ਧੋਬੀ ਸਵੇਰ ਤੋਂ ਕਪੜੇ ਨਹੀਂ ਧੋ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੋਵੇਗਾ ।
46. ਕਦੇ ਝੂਠ ਨਾ ਬੋਲੋ ।
47. ਬੁਰੀ ਸੰਗਤ ਤੋਂ ਬਚੋ ।
48. ਸਦਾ ਸੱਚ ਬੋਲੋ ।
49. ਚੁੱਪ ਰਹੋ ।
50. ਉਸਨੂੰ ਬੋਲਣ ਦਿਉ ।
51. ਮੈਨੂੰ ਜਾਣ ਦਿਉ ।
52. ਸ਼ੋਰ ਨਾ ਮਚਾਉ ।
53. ਆਉ ਸੈਰ ਨੂੰ ਚੱਲੀਏ ।
54. ਆਉ ਧੁੱਪੋ ਬੈਠੀਏ ।
55. ਮੇਰੇ ਲਈ ਪਾਣੀ ਦਾ ਗਿਲਾਸ ਮੰਗਵਾਉ ।
56. ਆਪਣਾ ਸਮਾਂ ਬਰਬਾਦ ਨਾ ਕਰੋ ।
57. ਮੇਰੀ ਗੱਲ ਸੁਣੋ ।
58. ਬਕਵਾਸ ਨਾ ਕਰੋ ।
59. ਇਹ ਪੱਤਰ ਡਾਕ ਵਿੱਚ ਪਾ ਦਿਉ ।
60. ਆਪਣੀਆਂ ਕਿਤਾਬਾਂ ਖੋਲੋ ।
61. ਅੱਜ ਮੌਸਮ ਬਹੁਤ ਸੁਹਾਵਣਾ ਹੈ ।
62. ਅੱਜ ਬਹੁਤ ਗਰਮੀ ਹੈ ।
63. ਅੱਜ ਬਹੁਤ ਠੰਡ ਹੈ ।
64. ਮੈਂ ਇੱਕ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਹਾਂ ।
65. ਅੱਜ ਹਵਾ ਬੰਦ ਹੈ ।
66. ਇਹ ਖਬਰ ਸੱਚੀ ਹੈ ।
67. ਦਿੱਲੀ ਭਾਰਤ ਦੀ ਰਾਜਧਾਨੀ ਹੈ ।
68. ਸਾਡੀ ਜਮਾਤ ਵਿਚ ਦਸ ਕੁੜੀਆਂ ਹਨ ।
69. ਭਾਰਤ ਤਿਉਹਾਰਾਂ ਦੀ ਧਰਤੀ ਹੈ ।
70. ਮੈਂ ਅੱਜ ਠੀਕ ਮਹਿਸੂਸ ਨਹੀਂ ਕਰ ਰਹੀ ਹਾਂ ।
71. ਹਾਥੀ ਦੇ ਦੰਦ ਖਾਣ ਦੇ ਹੋਰ ਅਤੇ ਦਿਖਾਉਣ ਦੇ ਹੋਰ ।
72. ਜੇ ਗਰਜਦੇ ਹਨ, ਉਹ ਬਰਸਦੇ ਨਹੀਂ ।
73. ਘਰ ਦਾ ਜੋਗੀ ਜੋਗੜਾ, ਬਾਹਰ ਦਾ ਜੋਗੀ ਠੱਗ ।
74. ਧੋਬੀ ਦਾ ਕੁੱਤਾ ਨਾ ਘਰ ਦਾ ਨਾ ਘਾਟ ਦਾ ।
75. ਜਿਹੋ ਜਿਹਾ ਬੀਜੋਗੇ, ਉਹੋ ਜਿਹਾ ਹੀ ਕੱਟੋਗੇ ।
76. ਥੋਥਾ ਚਨਾ ਬਾਜੇ ਘਨਾ ।
77. ਜੈਸਾ ਦੇਸ, ਵੈਸਾ ਭੇਸ ।
78. ਦਾਨ ਘਰੋਂ ਸ਼ੁਰੂ ਹੁੰਦਾ ਹੈ ।
79. ਆਪਣਾ ਆਪਣਾ, ਪਰਾਇਆ ਪਰਾਇਆ ।
80. ਚੋਰ ਚੋਰ ਮੌਸੇਰੇ ਭਰਾ ।
81. ਮੇਰੇ ਪਿਤਾ ਜੀ ਮੇਰੇ ਘਰ ਦੇ ਕਰਤਾ ਧਰਤਾ ਹਨ ।
82. ਮੇਰੀ ਬੇਟੀ ਮੇਰੀਆਂ ਅੱਖਾਂ ਦਾ ਤਾਰਾ ਹੈ ।
83. ਇਹ ਘਾ ਦੋਹਾਂ ਭਰਾਵਾਂ ਵਿਚ ਝਗੜੇ ਦੀ ਜੜ੍ਹ ਹੈ ।
84. ਉਸਦਾ ਭਾਸ਼ਣ ਪਿੰਡ ਦੇ ਲੋਕਾਂ ਦੀ ਸਮਝ ਤੋਂ ਬਾਹਰ ਸੀ ।
85. ਆਪਣੇ ਕੰਮ ਨਾਲ ਮਤਲਬ ਰੱਖੋ ।
86. ਜਿੰਦਗੀ ਫੁੱਲਾਂ ਦੀ ਸੇਜ਼ ਨਹੀਂ ਹੈ ।
87. ਇੱਧਰ ਉੱਧਰ ਦੀਆਂ ਗੱਲਾਂ ਨਾ ਕਰੋ, ਕੰਮ ਦੀ ਗੱਲ ਕਰੋ ।
88. ਭਾਰਤ ਦਿਨ ਦੁਗੁਣੀ ਰਾਤ ਚੌਗੁਣੀ ਤਰੱਕੀ ਕਰ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ ।
89. ਉਸਨੇ ਆਪਣੀ ਸੌਤੇਲੀ ਮਾਂ ਦੀ ਮੌਤ ਤੇ ਝੂਠੇ ਹੰਝੂ ਵਹਾਏ ।
90. ਉਸਨੂੰ ਘੱਟ ਸੁਣਦਾ ਹੈ ।
91. ਤੁਸੀਂ ਕੀ ਚਾਹੁੰਦੇ ਹੋ ?

92. ਪੌਦਿਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਪਾਣੀ ਕੌਣ ਦੇ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ ?
93. ਉਹ ਸਵੇਰ ਤੋਂ ਕਿੱਥੇ ਹੈ ?
94. ਵੇਟਾਂ ਕਿਵੇਂ ਪਾਈਆਂ ਜਾਂਦੀਆਂ ਹਨ ?
95. ਤੁਸੀਂ ਐਨੀ ਲੇਟ ਕਿਉਂ ਹੋ ?
96. ਕਿੰਨੇ ਸੋਹਣੇ ਦਿਨ ਹਨ !
97. ਬੱਚਾ ਕਿੰਨਾ ਹੁਸ਼ਿਆਰ ਹੈ !
98. ਅਫਸੋਸ! ਭਾਰਤ ਮੈਚ ਹਾਰ ਗਿਆ ।
99. ਸ਼੍ਰੀ ਮਾਨ ਜੀ ਸੁਭ ਸਵੇਰ!
100. ਉਹ ਕਿੰਨਾ ਮਾਸੂਮ ਲਗਦਾ ਹੈ !

## (ENGLISH)

1. I can solve this sum.
2. You should consult a good doctor.
3. We should obey our parents.
4. It may rain tonight.
5. He used to live here.
6. Work hard lest you should fail.
7. We should serve our country.
8. All have to die one day.
9. Would that I were rich!
10. How dare I insult you!
11. We play cricket.
12. My watch does not keep correct time.
13. The earth moves round the sun.
14. When do they sleep?
15. I am writing a letter.
16. The boys are making a noise.
17. Is the peon ringing the bell?
18. Why are you spoiling your books?
19. I have finished my work.
20. He has not revised this lesson.
21. Has the rainy season set in?
22. He has never been to Agra.
23. It has been drizzling since morning.
24. I have been teaching in this school for ten years.
25. Has it been raining cats and dogs since morning?
26. Has the gardener not been watering the plants since morning?
27. I went to my friend's house yesterday.
28. They did not go to bazaar yesterday.
29. Did you waste your time?
30. We were taking tea.
31. They were not playing cricket.
32. Were they going to school?
33. The bell had gone before I reached the school.
34. Had the patient died before the doctor came?
35. The boys had been practising dance for two days.
36. Had he been writing a book for a long time?
37. They will fly kites.

38. Will they come to school tomorrow?
39. They will be learning their lesson.
40. Will your mother be cooking food?
41. I shall have crossed the road by then.
42. Will he have reached school before me?
43. I shall have been reading for two hours.
44. Will he have been living in Jalandhar since 1995?
45. The washerman will not have been washing the clothes since morning.
46. Never tell a lie.
47. Avoid bad company.
48. Always speak the truth.
49. Be quiet/silent.
50. Let him speak.
51. Let me go.
52. Don't make a noise.
53. Let's go for a walk.
54. Let's sit in the sun.
55. Fetch me a glass of water.
56. Don't waste your time.
57. Listen to me.
58. Don't talk non-sense.
59. Post this letter.
60. Open your books.
61. It is very pleasant today.
62. It is very hot today.
63. It is very cold today.
64. I am a student.
65. It is close today.
66. This news is true.
67. Delhi is the capital of India.
68. There are ten girls in our class.
69. India is a land of festivals.
70. I am not feeling well today.
71. All that glitters is not gold.
72. Barking dogs seldom bite.
73. A prophet is seldom honoured in his own land.
74. A rolling stone gathers no moss.
75. As you sow, so shall you reap.
76. Empty vessels make much sound.
77. When in Rome, do as the Romans do.
78. Charity begins at home.
79. Blood is thicker than water.
80. Birds of the same feather flock together.
81. My father is all in all in my family.
82. My daughter is the apple of my eyes.
83. This house is the apple of discord between the two brothers.
84. His lecture was all Greek to the villagers.
85. Mind your own business.
86. Life is not a bed of roses for the poor.
87. Don't beat about the bush, come to the point.

88. India is making progress by leaps and bounds.
89. He shed crocodile tears over the death of his step mother.
90. He is hard of hearing.
91. What do you want?
92. Who is watering the plants?
93. Where has he been since morning?
94. How are votes cast?
95. Why are you so late?
96. How beautiful the days are!
97. How intelligent the child is!
98. Alas! India lost the match.
99. Good morning, sir!
100.       How innocent he looks!



# TRANSLATION FROM ENGLISH TO PUNJABI TO HINDI

## 1. HAPPY PRINCE

1. Why are you weeping then?
2. They pulled down the statue of the Happy Prince.
3. I am waited for in Egypt.
4. It is very cold here.
5. I have a golden bed-room.
6. There is not a single cloud in the sky.
7. Then another drop fell.
8. My courtiers called me the Happy Prince.
9. I have come to bid you good bye.
10. How hungry we are!

1. ਫਿਰ ਤੂੰ ਕਿਉਂ ਰੋ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈਂ ।
2. ਉਹਨਾਂ ਨੇ ਹੈਂਪੀ ਪ੍ਰਿੰਸ ਦੇ ਬੁੱਤ ਨੂੰ ਹੇਠਾਂ ਸੁੱਟ ਦਿੱਤਾ ।
3. ਮਿਸਰ ਵਿਚ ਮੇਰੀ ਉਡੀਕ ਹੋ ਰਹੀ ਹੈ ।
4. ਇੱਥੇ ਬਹੁਤ ਠੰਡ ਹੈ ।
5. ਮੇਰੇ ਕੋਲ ਸੁਨਿਹਰੀ ਸੌਣ ਵਾਲਾ ਕਮਰਾ ਹੈ ।
6. ਆਕਾਸ਼ ਵਿਚ ਇੱਕ ਵੀ ਬੱਦਲ ਨਹੀਂ ਹੈ ।
7. ਫਿਰ ਇੱਕ ਹੋਰ ਬੂੰਦ ਡਿੱਗੀ ।
8. ਮੇਰੇ ਦਰਬਾਰੀ ਮੈਨੂੰ 'ਹੈਂਪੀ ਪ੍ਰਿੰਸ ਕਹਿੰਦੇ ਸਨ ।
9. ਮੈਂ ਤੈਨੂੰ ਅਲਵਿਦਾ ਕਹਿਣ ਆਇਆ ਹਾਂ ।
10. ਅਸੀਂ ਕਿੰਨੇ ਭੁੱਖੇ ਹਾਂ !

## 2. WHERE IS SCIENCE

### TAKING US?

1. Where is Science Taking Us?
2. This is the age of the machine.
3. War is the worst example.
4. I wish I had another hundred years.
5. Here Science is actually doing less than nothing.
6. Who is to keep them?
7. Science goes on raising its problems.
8. What is really needed in the world today?

9. What is science really after?
10. What is its goal?

1. ਵਿਗਿਆਨ ਸਾਨੂੰ ਕਿੱਥੇ ਲੈ ਕੇ ਜਾ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ ?
2. ਇਹ ਮਸ਼ੀਨ ਦਾ ਯੁੱਗ ਹੈ ।
3. ਯੁੱਧ ਸਭ ਤੋਂ ਭੈੜੀ ਉਦਾਹਰਣ ਹੈ ।
4. ਕਾਸ਼ ਮੇਰੇ ਕੋਲ ਸੌ ਸਾਲ ਹੋਰ ਹੁੰਦੇ ।
5. ਇੱਥੇ ਵਿਗਿਆਨ ਅਸਲ ਵਿਚ ਕੁਝ ਵੀ ਨਹੀਂ ਤੋਂ ਵੀ ਘੱਟ ਕਰ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ ।
6. ਉਹਨਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਕੌਣ ਰੱਖੇਗਾ ?
7. ਵਿਗਿਆਨ ਆਪਣੀਆਂ ਮੁਸ਼ਕਲਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਵਧਾਉਂਦਾ ਜਾ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ ।
8. ਅੱਜ ਸੰਸਾਰ ਵਿਚ ਅਸਲ ਵਿਚ ਕਿਸ ਚੀਜ਼ ਦੀ ਲੋੜ ਹੈ ?
9. ਵਿਗਿਆਨ ਅਸਲ ਵਿਚ ਕੀ ਚਾਹੁੰਦਾ ਹੈ ?
10. ਇਸ ਦਾ ਟੀਚਾ ਕੀ ਹੈ ?

## 3. SECRET OF HAPPINESS

1. He never lost his calm.
2. I didn't want to die.
3. Fear is one of man's most common enemies.
4. You are greater than you think.
5. I wanted to get out of there.
6. Then you will have total peace of mind.
7. You must do it yourself.
8. A fear is not unlike a ghost.
9. God watches over you and cares for you.
10. This is a problem common to us all.

1. ਉਸ ਨੇ ਕਦੀ ਆਪਣੀ ਸ਼ਾਂਤੀ ਨਹੀਂ ਗਵਾਈ ।
2. ਮੈਂ ਮਰਨਾ ਨਹੀਂ ਚਾਹੁੰਦਾ ਸੀ ।
3. ਡਰ ਮਨੁੱਖ ਦੇ ਸਭ ਤੋਂ ਵੱਡੇ ਦੁਸ਼ਮਣਾਂ ਵਿਚੋਂ ਇੱਕ ਹੈ ।
4. ਤੁਸੀਂ ਜਿੰਨਾ ਸੋਚਦੇ ਹੋ, ਉਸ ਤੋਂ ਵੀ ਵੱਧ ਮਹਾਨ ਹੋ ।
5. ਮੈਂ ਉਥੋਂ ਨਿਕਲਣਾ ਚਾਹੁੰਦਾ ਸੀ ।
6. ਤੱਦ ਤੁਹਾਨੂੰ ਮਨ ਦੀ ਪੂਰੀ ਸ਼ਾਂਤੀ ਮਿਲੇਗੀ ।
7. ਤੁਹਾਨੂੰ ਇਹ ਖੁਦ ਕਰਨਾ ਚਾਹੀਦਾ ਹੈ ।
8. ਡਰ ਕਿਸੇ ਪ੍ਰੇਤ ਤੋਂ ਵੱਖਰਾ ਨਹੀਂ ਹੁੰਦਾ ।

9. ਪਰਮਾਤਮਾ ਤੁਹਾਡੀ ਨਿਗਰਾਨੀ ਕਰਦਾ ਹੈ ਅਤੇ ਤੁਹਾਡਾ ਧਿਆਨ ਰੱਖਦਾ ਹੈ ।
10. ਇਹ ਸਾਡੇ ਸਾਰਿਆਂ ਲਈ ਆਮ ਸਮੱਸਿਆ ਹੈ ।

#### 4. A GIFT FOR CHRISTMAS

1. Her eyes were shining brilliantly.
2. Tears appeared in her eyes.
3. Della let fall her beautiful hair.
4. I sold the watch to get the money to buy your combs.
5. Will you buy my hair?
6. Della finished crying.
7. It was a platinum watch-chain.
8. Jim was never late.
9. She found it at last.
10. She stopped at a shop.

1. ਉਸ ਦੀਆਂ ਅੱਖਾਂ ਸ਼ਾਨਦਾਰ ਤਰੀਕੇ ਨਾਲ ਚਮਕ ਰਹੀਆਂ ਸਨ ।
2. ਉਸ ਦੀਆਂ ਅੱਖਾਂ ਵਿਚ ਹੰਝੂ ਆ ਗਏ ।
3. ਡੈਲਾ ਨੇ ਆਪਣੇ ਸੁੰਦਰ ਵਾਲਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਹੇਠਾਂ ਡਿੱਗਣ ਦਿੱਤਾ ।
4. ਤੇਰੀਆਂ ਕੰਘੀਆਂ ਖਰੀਦਣ ਦੇ ਪੈਸੇ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਕਰਨ ਲਈ ਮੈਂ ਘੜੀ ਵੇਚ ਦਿੱਤੀ ।
5. ਕੀ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਮੇਰੇ ਵਾਲ ਖਰੀਦੋਗੇ ?
6. ਡੈਲਾ ਨੇ ਰੋਣਾ ਬੰਦ ਕਰ ਦਿੱਤਾ ।
7. ਇਹ ਪਲੈਟੀਨਮ ਦੀ ਬਣੀ ਘੜੀ ਦੀ ਚੇਨ ਸੀ ।
8. ਜਿਮ ਕਦੇ ਵੀ ਦੇਰੀ ਨਾਲ ਨਹੀਂ ਆਉਂਦਾ ਸੀ ।
9. ਅਖੀਰ ਉਸ ਨੂੰ ਇਹ ਮਿਲ ਗਿਆ ।
10. ਉਹ ਇੱਕ ਦੁਕਾਨ ਤੇ ਰੁਕੀ ।

#### 5. SOME GLIMPSES OF ANCIENT INDIAN THOUGHT AND PRACTICES

1. The gods approached the sage Dadhichi.
2. Dadhichi took no time in laying down his life.
3. Eat only after you've shared your meal with others.
4. A well-known sage named Ashtavakra was also invited to this meeting.
5. The entire universe is one family.
6. This does not belong to me.

7. They chose to be bricked alive.
8. The history of this great land is full of examples.
9. The people of this country believe in the unity of life.
10. King Janak of Maithil called a meeting of the scholars.

1. ਦੇਵਤੇ ਰਿਸ਼ੀ ਦਧੀਚੀ ਕੋਲ ਪਹੁੰਚੇ ।
2. ਦਧੀਚੀ ਨੇ ਆਪਣੀ ਜਾਨ ਦੇਣ ਲਈ ਕੋਈ ਵੀ ਸਮਾਂ ਨਹੀਂ ਲਾਇਆ ।
3. ਉਦੋਂ ਹੀ ਖਾਓ ਜਦੋਂ ਆਪਣਾ ਭੋਜਨ ਦੁਜਿਆਂ ਨਾਲ ਸਾਂਝਾ ਕਰ ਲਿਆ ਹੋਵੇ ।
4. ਅਸ਼ਟਵਕਰ ਨਾ ਦੇ ਇੱਕ ਪ੍ਰਸਿੱਧ ਰਿਸ਼ੀ ਨੂੰ ਵੀ ਇਸ ਸਭਾ ਵਿਚ ਸੱਦਿਆ ਗਿਆ ।
5. ਸਾਰਾ ਬ੍ਰਹਿਮੰਡ ਇੱਕ ਪਰਿਵਾਰ ਹੈ ।
6. ਇਸ ਦਾ ਸੰਬੰਧ ਮੇਰੇ ਨਾਲ ਨਹੀਂ ਹੈ ।
7. ਉਹਨਾਂ ਨੇ ਜਿਉਂਦੇ ਹੀ ਨੀਹਾਂ ਵਿਚ ਚਿਣੇ ਜਾਣ ਦੀ ਚੋਣ ਕੀਤੀ ।
8. ਇਸ ਮਹਾਨ ਧਰਤੀ ਦਾ ਇਤਿਹਾਸ ਉਦਹਾਰਣਾਂ ਨਾਲ ਭਰਿਆ ਪਿਆ ਹੈ ।
9. ਇਸ ਦੇਸ਼ ਦੇ ਲੋਕ ਜੀਵਨ ਦੀ ਏਕਤਾ ਵਿਚ ਵਿਸ਼ਵਾਸ ਰੱਖਦੇ ਹਨ ।
10. ਮੈਥਿਲੀ ਦੇ ਰਾਜਾ ਜਨਕ ਨੇ ਵਿਦਵਾਨਾਂ ਦੀ ਇੱਕ ਮੀਟਿੰਗ ਬੁਲਾਈ ।

#### 6.. THE HOME-COMING

1. The boys were puzzled for a moment.
2. Phatik refused to move.
3. Phatik Chakravarti was the ring-leader amongst the boys of the village.
4. He could not bear this injustice.
5. The stranger asked him again.
6. At last Bhashmber asked the police to help him.
7. One day Phatik lost his lesson book.
8. The next morning Phatik was nowhere to be seen.
9. Bhashmber brought in a doctor.
10. Mother, the holidays have come.

1. ਮੁੰਡੇ ਇੱਕ ਪਲ ਲਈ ਉਲਝਣ ਵਿਚ ਪੈ ਗਏ ।
2. ਫ਼ਟਿਕ ਨੇ ਹਿੱਲਣ ਤੋਂ ਇਨਕਾਰ ਕਰ ਦਿੱਤਾ ।

3. ਫ਼ਟਿਕ ਚੱਕਰਵਰਤੀ ਪਿੰਡ ਦੇ ਮੁੰਡਿਆਂ ਦਾ ਮੁਖੀਆ ਸੀ ।
4. ਉਹ ਇਹ ਅਨਿਆਂ ਸਹਿਣ ਨਾ ਕਰ ਸਕਿਆ ।
5. ਅਜਨਬੀ ਨੇ ਉਸ ਨੂੰ ਦੁਬਾਰਾ ਪੁੱਛਿਆ ।
6. ਅਖ਼ੀਰ ਬਿਸ਼ੰਬਰ ਨੇ ਪੁਲਿਸ ਨੂੰ ਉਸ ਦੀ ਮਦਦ ਕਰਨ ਲਈ ਕਿਹਾ ।
7. ਇੱਕ ਦਿਨ ਫ਼ਟਿਕ ਨੇ ਆਪਣੀ ਪਾਠ ਪੁਸਤਕ ਗਵਾ ਲਈ ।
8. ਅਗਲੇ ਦਿਨ ਫ਼ਟਿਕ ਕਿਤੇ ਵੀ ਦਿਖਾਈ ਨਹੀਂ ਦਿੱਤਾ ।
9. ਬਿਸ਼ੰਬਰ ਇੱਕ ਡਾਕਟਰ ਨੂੰ ਲਿਆਇਆ ।
10. ਮਾਂ, ਛੁੱਟੀਆਂ ਆ ਗਈਆਂ ਹਨ ।

### 7. THE MAKING OF THE EARTH

1. The sun and the planets with their satellites form a happy family.
2. At night you see thousands of stars in the sky.
3. The real stars are like our sun.
4. So the earth started to cool.
5. Stars twinkle, planets do not.
6. 7. Can you distinguish between a planet and a star?
7. The moon is called a satellite of the earth.
8. Our earth belongs to the family of the sun.
9. In reality our sun itself is a star.
10. We think the earth is very big.

1. ਸੂਰਜ ਅਤੇ ਗ੍ਰਹਿ, ਆਪਣੇ ਉਪਗ੍ਰਹਿਆਂ ਨਾਲ ਇੱਕ ਖੁਸ਼ ਪਰਿਵਾਰ ਬਣਾਉਂਦੇ ਹਾਂ ।
2. ਰਾਤ ਨੂੰ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਆਕਾਸ਼ ਵਿਚ ਹਜ਼ਾਰਾਂ ਤਾਰੇ ਦੇਖਦੇ ਹੋ ।
3. ਅਸਲੀ ਤਾਰੇ ਸਾਡੇ ਸੂਰਜ ਵਾਂਗ ਹਨ ।
4. ਇਸ ਤਰ੍ਹਾਂ ਧਰਤੀ ਠੰਡੀ ਹੋਣੀ ਸ਼ੁਰੂ ਹੋਈ ।
5. ਤਾਰੇ ਟਿਮਮਿਉਂਦੇ ਹਨ, ਗ੍ਰਹਿ ਨਹੀਂ ।

6. ਕੀ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਗ੍ਰਹਿ ਅਤੇ ਤਾਰੇ ਵਿਚ ਅੰਤਰ ਕਰ ਸਕਦੇ ਹੋ?
7. ਚੰਨ ਨੂੰ ਧਰਤੀ ਦਾ ਉਪਗ੍ਰਹਿ ਕਹਿੰਦੇ ਹਨ ।
8. ਸਾਡੀ ਧਰਤੀ ਸੂਰਜੀ ਪਰਿਵਾਰ ਨਾਲ ਸਬੰਧ ਰੱਖਦੀ ਹੈ ।
9. ਅਸਲ ਵਿਚ ਸਾਡਾ ਸੂਰਜ ਆਪ ਹੀ ਇੱਕ ਤਾਰਾ ਹੈ ।
10. ਅਸੀਂ ਸੋਚਦੇ ਹਾਂ ਧਰਤੀ ਬਹੁਤ ਵੱਡੀ ਹੈ ।

### 8. THE RULE OF THE ROAD

1. You may not think so.
2. I'm going to walk where I like.
3. He was obviously a well - intentioned person.
4. We must be judicious mixture of both.
5. The great moments of heroism and sacrifice are rare.
6. I hope my friend in the railway carriage will reflect on this.
7. You have liberty to laugh at me.
8. Liberty is not a personal affair only but a social contract.
9. We have got liberty now.
10. I may be as free as I like.

1. ਤੁਸੀਂ ਸ਼ਾਇਦ ਅਜਿਹਾ ਨਾ ਸੋਚੋ ।
2. ਮੈਂ ਜਿੱਥੇ ਚਾਹਾਂਗੀ, ਤੁਰਾਂਗੀ ।
3. ਉਹ ਸਪੱਸ਼ਟ ਤੌਰ ਤੇ ਇਕ ਚੰਗੀ ਸੋਚ ਵਾਲਾ ਵਿਅਕਤੀ ਸੀ ।
4. ਸਾਨੂੰ ਦੋਹਾਂ ਦਾ ਨਿਆਂਇਕ ਮਿਸ਼ਰਨ ਹੋਣਾ ਚਾਹੀਦਾ ਹੈ ।
5. ਬਹਾਦਰੀ ਅਤੇ ਕੁਰਬਾਨੀ ਦੇ ਮਹਾਨ ਪਲੂ ਬਹੁਤ ਘੱਟ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ ।
6. ਮੈਨੂੰ ਆਸ ਹੈ ਕਿ ਰੇਲਵੇ ਡੱਬੇ ਵਾਲਾ ਮੇਰਾ ਦੋਸਤ ਇਸ ਤੇ ਵਿਚਾਰ ਕਰੇਗਾ ।
7. ਤੁਹਾਨੂੰ ਮੇਰੇ ਤੇ ਹੱਸਣ ਦੀ ਆਜ਼ਾਦੀ ਹੈ ।
8. ਆਜ਼ਾਦੀ ਸਿਰਫ਼ ਇੱਕ ਨਿੱਜੀ ਮਾਮਲਾ ਨਹੀਂ ਹੈ, ਬਲਕਿ ਇੱਕ ਸਮਾਜਿਕ ਸਮਝੌਤਾ ਹੈ ।
9. ਹੁਣ ਸਾਨੂੰ ਆਜ਼ਾਦੀ ਮਿਲ ਗਈ ਹੈ ।
10. ਮੈਂ ਜਿੰਨਾ ਛਾਹਾਂ, ਆਜ਼ਾਦ ਹੋ ਸਕਦਾ ਹਾਂ ।

## LESSON 1: THE HAPPY PRINCE

1. The drops were coming from the \_\_\_\_\_ of the Happy Prince.
2. The son of the seamstress was crying because he wanted to go to Egypt. (True/ false)
3. The poor seamstress was given the \_\_\_\_\_ by the swallow.  
i) gold ii) sapphire iii) ruby iv) oranges
4. Who ordered to pull down the statue of the Happy Prince?  
i) Mayor ii) swallow iii) seamstress iv) playwright
5. The statue of Happy Prince was decorated with diamonds. (True/ false)
6. Who was sent to bring the two most precious things from the city?  
i) Mayor ii) God iii) angel iv) match-girl
7. The man in the garret was writing a \_\_\_\_\_.

## LESSON 2: WHERE IS SCIENCE TAKING US?

8. Modern drugs have decreased the average span of life of human beings. ( True/ false)
9. Machines give us more and more hours of \_\_\_\_\_.  
i) hard work ii) leisure iii) life iv) health
10. Name two non-material things mentioned in the lesson.
11. According to the writer, Science is doing 'less than nothing for material things'. ( True/ false)
12. Which age group is overcrowded today?  
i) childhood ii) middle age group iii) upper age group iv) none of these
13. Science has helped man to live \_\_\_\_\_.  
i) forever ii) no more iii) longer iv) a short life

## LESSON 3: SECRET OF HAPPINESS

14. Which illustration was used by the professor of Psychology?  
29
15. Who declared to give sermon against fear?  
i) professor of Psychology ii) Gilberton Chesterton iii) Author iv) Kagawa
16. \_\_\_\_\_ values are needed in the world today.
17. The author found an elephant when he flung open the door. ( True/ false)
18. We should have faith that \_\_\_\_\_ is always with us.  
i) God ii) somebody iii) everyman iv) nobody
19. \_\_\_\_\_ in God gives us real peace of mind.  
i) fear ii) hatred iii) faith iv) anger

## LESSON 4: GIFT FOR CHRISTMAS

20. The signs of richness were everywhere in their house. (True/ false)
21. What did Della buy for Jim as a Christmas gift?  
i) jeans ii) set of combs iii) watch iv) watch-chain
22. The proud possession of Jim was \_\_\_\_\_.  
i) salary ii) Della iii) gold watch iv) flat
23. Who did not have enough money to buy a Christmas present?  
i) Jim ii) Della iii) both of them iv) none of them
24. Della sold her hair for \_\_\_\_\_ dollars.
25. What did Jim buy for Della as a Christmas gift?  
i) jeans ii) set of combs iii) watch iv) watch-chain

**LESSON 5: SOME GLIMPSES OF ANCIENT INDIAN THOUGHT AND PRACTICES**

26. Some scholars laughed at Ashtavakra's \_\_\_\_\_.  
i) joke ii) friend iii) luck iv) deformed body
27. In ancient India, the woman was always considered a goddess. (True/ false)
28. Gods went to Lord Vishnu in desperation. (True/ false)
29. Who was losing in the battle between gods and demons?
30. What did Saint Dadhichi advise the gods to make?  
i) an arrow ii) a sword iii) bones iv) none of these
31. Shivaji bowed his head before the \_\_\_\_\_.  
i) man ii) woman iii) teacher iv) king

**LESSON 6: THE HOME-COMING**

32. What was the name of Phatik's brother?
33. Phatik's uncle lived in \_\_\_\_\_.  
i) Mumbai ii) Dehradun iii) Calcutta iv) Chandigarh
34. Phatik's aunt welcomed Phatik in her home. (True/ false)
35. Phatik's \_\_\_\_ did not like his ways.  
i) mother ii) sister iii) student iv) neighbours
36. Phatik wanted to move a \_\_\_\_\_ from its place.
37. Phatik's last words were 'mother, \_\_\_\_\_ have come.'  
i) friends ii) aunt and uncle iii) brother iv) holidays

**LESSON 7: THE MAKING OF THE EARTH**

38. Moon is the satellite of \_\_\_\_\_.  
i) universe ii) oceans iii) Mars iv) Earth

39. From where do the planets get light?
40. The planets twinkle at night. (True/ false)
41. All the hollows of the earth were filled with \_\_\_\_\_ when it rained heavily.  
i) dust ii) snow iii) water iv) light
42. How many years did the Earth take to cool down?  
i) thousand ii) millions iii) hundred iv) none of these
43. Planets have natural satellites. (True/ false)

**LESSON 8: THE RULE OF THE ROAD**

44. What is liberty?  
i) personal affair ii) social contract iii) both of these iv) none of these
45. What was the author reading during the journey?
46. We should interfere in the liberty of others. (True/ false)
47. The stout old lady was walking in the middle of \_\_\_\_\_.  
i) road ii) pavement iii) railway track iv) none of these
48. The policeman at Picadilly Circus is the symbol of \_\_\_\_\_.  
i) liberty ii) tyranny iii) anarchy iv) none of these
49. A reasonable consideration for the \_\_\_\_\_ of others is the foundation of social conduct.  
i) duties ii) friends iii) rights iv) relatives

**POEM 1: CHARACTER OF A HAPPY MAN**

50. A happy man envies \_\_\_\_\_.  
i) none ii) his friends iii) everyone iv) the rich
51. A happy man obeys the rules of \_\_\_\_\_.  
i) traffic ii) king iii) goodness iv) government
52. A happy man is afraid of death. (True/ false)

## POEM 2: DEATH THE LEVELLER

53. Ultimate fate of all human beings is \_\_\_\_\_.

i) old age ii) life iii) youth iv) death

54. What lives after death?

i) name ii) good deeds iii) fame iv) glory

55. The glories of blood and state are just shadows. (True/ false)

## POEM 3: A BALLAD OF SIR PERTAB SINGH

56. Sir Pertab Singh lived in \_\_\_\_\_ House.

i) Red-rose ii) Black-rose iii) Rose-red iv) Rose-blood

57. Sir Pertab Singh's friend was \_\_\_\_\_ soldier.

i) an Indian ii) a Chinese iii) an English iv) a Pakistani

58. According to the priests, Pertab Singh lost his caste forever. (True/ false)

## POEM 4: RAZIA, THE TIGRESS

59. Razia, the Tigress has \_\_\_\_\_ cubs.

i) two ii) three iii) four iv) five

60. Sheru was an expert on \_\_\_\_\_.

i) hunting ii) winds iii) racing iv) aiming at birds

61. Razia was not afraid of poachers. (True/ false)

## POEM 5: WHERE THE MIND IS WITHOUT FEAR

62. Everyone should have right to education. (True/ false)

63. The poet prays for a land where \_\_\_\_\_ is without fear.

i) mind ii) body iii) knowledge iv) truth

64. To whom does the poet pray in this poem?

i) people ii) king iii) God iv) none of them

## SUPPLEMENTARY READER

### LESSON 1: BED NO. 29

65. Naeem was in the hospital when the author regained his eyesight.

(True/ false)

66. Who did the author meet in the hospital ward?

i) Naeem ii) Bobby Gillian iii) Subbiah iv) Della

67. The author regained his eyesight after the \_\_\_\_\_.

i) first operation ii) second operation iii) third operation iv) fourth operation

68. The author was a \_\_\_\_\_ before he lost his eyesight.

69. The author knew that Naeem was also blind. (True/ false)

70. Naeem urged the author to re-start \_\_\_\_\_.

i) dancing ii) singing iii) studying iv) painting

### LESSON 2: HALF A RUPEE WORTH

71. Subbiah was a rice merchant. (True/ false)

72. Subbiah had \_\_\_\_\_ children.

i) two ii) three iii) four iv) five

73. Where did Subbiah's wife take the man?

74. Subbiah died in a road accident. (True/ false)

75. Subbiah's profit \_\_\_\_\_ during the war.

i) increased ii) decreased iii) go down iv) did not change

76. Subbiah was buried under the bags and died. (True/ false)

### LESSON 3: ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS

77. Robert lost the money on races.  
(True/ false)
78. To whom did Bobby Gillian give his one thousand dollars?  
i) Butler ii) Miss Hayden iii) lawyers  
iv) Miss Lotta Lauriere
79. Robert Gillian offered a \_\_\_\_\_  
to Miss Lotta Lauriere.
80. Robert Gillian received one million dollars from his uncle's will.  
(True/false)
81. The blind man was selling \_\_\_\_\_  
on the walkside.  
i) books ii) pencils iii) pens iv)  
notebooks
82. Who was Miss Lotta Lauriere?

#### LESSON 4: THE DYING DETECTIVE

83. What was Watson by profession?
84. Holmes got the illness from some \_\_\_\_\_.  
i) chinese sailors ii) Indian sailors iii)  
English sailors iv) Russian sailors
85. Smith sent Holmes an infected sharp spring in \_\_\_\_\_.  
i) a silver box ii) an ivory box iii) a  
golden box iv) a red box
86. Victor Smith killed Culverton Smith. (True/ false)
87. Holmes did not want Watson to touch his things. (True/ false)
88. Who was charged with the murder of his nephew?  
i) Mrs Hudson ii) Morton iii) Smith iv)  
Watson

#### LESSON 5: HOW MUCH LAND DOES A MAN NEED?

89. The two women discussing about village and town life were \_\_\_\_\_.  
i) friends ii) sisters iii) neighbours iv)  
enemies
90. The bashkirs had plenty of \_\_\_\_\_.  
i) cattle ii) money iii) land iv) gold
91. How much land did Pakhom manage to buy from estate owner?
92. Pakhom was a very \_\_\_\_\_ man.  
i) helpful ii) greedy iii) kind iv) selfish
93. Pakhom was dead in the end.  
(True/ false)
94. Pakhom borrowed some money from his brother-in-law. (True/ false)

#### LESSON 6: RETURN TO AIR

95. The boy was called \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) flabby c) filthy b) sausage d)  
honest
96. The instructor threw a tin in the pond. (True/ false)
97. Sausage put his stamp collection in the tin. (True/ false)
98. Sausage brought a \_\_\_\_\_ from under the water.  
i) tin box ii) fish iii) duck iv) pearl
99. Duck-diving means diving into water in the manner of a \_\_\_\_\_.  
i) fish ii) duck iii) crocodile iv) turtle
100. Where did Sausage reach while diving?

#### ANSWERS OF OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS

1. Eyes    2. False    3. Ruby    4. Mayor    5. False    6. Angel  
7. Play    8. False    9. Leisure    10. Charity, mercy, justice  
11. False    12. Upper age group    13. Longer    14. A burning  
glass    15. Gilberton Chesterton    16. Moral and spiritual  
17. False    18. God    19. Faith    20. False    21. Watch chain  
22. Gold watch    23. Della    24. 20(twenty)    25. Set of combs  
26. Deformed body    27. True    28. True    29. Gods  
30. A sword    31. Woman    32. Makhan    33. Calcutta  
34. False    35. Mother    36. Log    37. The holidays    38. Earth  
39. Sun    40. False    41. Water    42. Millions    43. True

44. Social contract    45. A blue book    46. False    47. Road  
48. Liberty    49. Rights    50. None    51. Goodness    52. False  
53. Death    54. Good deeds    55. True    56. Red-rose  
57. An English    58. True    59. Two    60. Winds    61. False  
62. True    63. Mind    64. God    65. False    6. Naeem  
67. Third operation    68. Painter    69. False    70. Painting  
71. True    72. Five    73. To his secret godown    74. False  
75. Increased    76. True    77. False    78. Miss Hayden  
79. Diamond pendant    80. False    81. Pencils    82. An actress  
83. Doctor    84. Chinese sailors    85. An ivory box    86. False  
87. True    88. Smith    89. Sisters    90. Land    91. 50 acres  
92. Greedy    93. True    94. True    95. Sausage    96. False  
97. False    98. Tin box    99. Duck    100. The other end of the  
pond

**NOTE: PLEASE DON'T  
MIND THE TYPING  
MISTAKES**

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